BANGOR DAILY WHIG AND COURIER.

BY WHEELER & LYNDE. TUESDAY MORNING, JULY 17, 1866. VOLUME XXXIII---NUMBER 13.

THE BANGOR

Daily Whig & Courier,

PUBLISHED MORNINGS,

at Bowman's Block, East End Kenduskeag Bridge, on the Lower Floor.

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4.00 for Six Months.
2.00 for Three Months.
INVARIABLY IN ADVANCE.

The Bangor Weekly Courier

IS PUBLISHED EVERY TUESDAY,

at the Office of the Daily Whig and Courier at Two Dollars per year, *invariably in advance.*

WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETORS.

C. E. WHEELER, JOHN H. LYNDE.

AGENCIES.

S. M. PETTENGILL & Co., 10 State Street, Boston, and 37 Park Row, New York, are authorized Agents for receiving Advertisements and Subscriptions for this paper.

E. B. NILES, Agent, Scollay's Building, Court Street, Boston.

Subscriptions must in all cases be paid in advance.

☞ Subscribers finding this notice marked, will understand that the time for which they paid has early expired.

Your Subscription expires

BUSINESS CARDS.

JOHN B. FOSTER. JOSEPH W. FREESE.

JOHN B. FOSTER & CO.,

Commission Merchants,

Auctioneers & Insurance Agents,

No. 44 West Market Square, Bangor, Me.

Particular attention given to the sale of Real Estate, Merchandise and Personal Property. may18

HORTON & PATTEN,

DEALERS IN

Pianos, Cabinet Organs, Melodeons, Violins, Guitars & Strings

MUSIC BOOKS AND SHEET MUSIC

TUNING DONE TO ORDER.

No. 7, East End Kenduskeag Bridge,

L. R. HORTON, } apr 10 BANGOR, ME.
S. PATTEN, }

NICKERSON & PAINE,

Attorneys & Counsellors at Law,

OFFICE, - - No. 10 Wheelwright & Clark's Block

(Up two flights of Stairs.)

Bangor, Aug. 2, 1865. daw

C. A. BAILEY,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law,

OLD TOWN, MAINE.

june 29—d1m wlm*

WILLIAM H. CLIFFORD,

SOLICITOR OF PATENTS,

NO. 105 MIDDLE STREET,

PORTLAND, ME.

Drawings and Models furnished if Required.

july 2—3taw3w

LOTHROP, BEARSE & CO.,

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

EXCELSIOR BURNING FLUID,

Signal Oil, Coal, Sperm, White, Lard, and Lubricating Oils, Also,

BURNING FLUID, PETROLEUM and BENZINE,

Lamp Ware, Burners, Fluid Tubes, Wicking, &c.

NO. 43 INDIA STREET, BOSTON.

J. A. B. LOTHROP,
E. BEARSE,
A. HUNT,
N. H. COLTON, General Agent for Bangor.

J. W. Handy Travelling Agt.

june23 3taw

PLAISTED & CLARK,

Attorneys and Counselors-at-Law,

BANGOR, MAINE.

—OFFICE—

In the Granite Block, East Market Square, The same lately occupied by the COLLECTOR OF INTERNAL REVENUE, "Stairs to Climb."

Will also attend to business in the Courts of the adjoining counties, particularly Piscataquis county.

H. M. PLAISTED, WHITING S. CLARK.
(Times)

mch 5—spif

Notice of Co-Partnership.

THE Subscribers have formed a Co-partnership under the style of

BOWEN & JOHNSTON,

for the transaction of the

Ship Chandlery Business.

AT THE OLD STAND,

No. 12 Exchange Street.

GEORGE BOWEN. T. K. JOHNSTON.

We are prepared to furnish Vessels with STORES and CHANDLERY at lowest market prices. Ship Masters and Owners will be supplied with all Goods in our line at lowest rates.

march 13 tf

ROBERT TREAT & CO

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in

CORN & FLOUR,

W. I. GOODS, GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, SHIP CHANDLERY &C.

Nos. 90 Exchange St., Opposite Pen. Exchange

ROBERT TREAT.
JOHN STRANGE.

nov7 dt

S. P. BROWN & SON,

Commission Merchants,

465 NINTH STREET,

WASHINGTON, D. C.

Particular attention paid to the sale of

ANTHRACITE & CUMBERLAND COAL,

Lumber, Granite, Lime, Cement, Slate, Bricks, Hay, Potatoes, Corn, Oats, &c. &c.

Mercantile Collections made in this city, & through our Correspondents in all parts of the United States. Highest rates of Freights obtained for Vessels with Dispatch.

All Claims against the Government promptly collected.

S. P. BROWN, Late Navy Agent. CALEB P. BROWN.

june 4—eod

HORATIO PITCHER,

COMMISSION and FORWARDING MERCHANT,

DEALER IN

SHIP STORES and CHANDLERY,

Harris's Wharf, Savannah, Ga.

aug14

Pitcher, Fuller & Co.,

Commission Merchants and Receivers of Flour and Produce,

And Dealers in Ship Stores and Chandlery,

No. 200 Commercial Street.

F. W. PITCHER.
F. M. FULLER.
C. H. FLITNER. Jan18'64 BOSTON.

PUMP AND BLOCK MANUFACTORY!

The Subscriber continues to Manufacture

Ship Blocks & Pumps,

of all Pumps made, and warranted to work easy and give satisfaction.

Repairing done in all branches and short notice.

JOHN O. MOUNG.

No. 73 Broad Street, Bangor.

Tuly.

ATLANTIC Monthly, Leslie, Our Young Folks for July, for sale by June 23 CHAS. HIGHT.

BUSINESS CARDS.

WHITE & FOSTER,

DEALERS IN

SHIP STORES,

CHANDLERY,

PROVISIONS & FAMILY GROCERIES,

NOS. 21 and 23 EXCHANGE STREET,

Bangor, Me.

T. H. WHITE. JOHN FOSTER.

apr7

CROCKERY WARE

At Wholesale.

OUR SPRING IMPORTATIONS have arrived, and we now offer to the TRADE a large stock of

White Granite & Common Ware

AT REDUCED PRICES.

Also, a large assortment of

Glass Ware, Kerosene Goods,

Silver Plated and Britannia Ware, Table Cutlery and Fancy Ware.

SELLING LOW AT NO. 1 MAIN STREET.

RICKER & IRELAND.

April 14—tf

COTTON DUCK,

CHAINS, ANCHORS, &c.

THE subscriber, manufacturers and sole agents for the sale of "LAWRENCE" and "OLD COLONY," Cotton Duck and Twine, now have a full assortment on hand: likewise,

300 Pieces Cotton Ravens Duck.
20 Bales 2 and 3 thread Flax Sail Twine.
20 Bales Stout and Light Russia Ravens Duck.
500 Coils Hotchs Russia Holterone.
300 Pieces English Anchor Bunting, assd colors.
100 Chain Cables, 7-16 to 1¾ in.
100 Tons Coil Chain, 3-16in. to 1¾ in.
Warranted American Anchors.

For sale at 23 & 25 Commercial St., Boston.

FRARING, THACHER & CO.

may 5—3m*

Picture Frame Maker, and Burnish Gilder.

WM. TODD, No. 12 State Street, East side, would be happy to wait upon those who will favor him with a call, and would also say, in regard to quality of work and goods, that they are of the BEST KIND. Having had some sixteen years experience in the Gilding business, I feel confident in saying that my work cannot be surpassed by any one.

☞ Old Frames Re-gilded, and Frames Varnished. Frames to every variety made to order, as cheap as at any shop in Bangor.

☞ Please call and examine for yourselves at No. 12 State Street, East side, tf

WM. TODD.

Gilding Establishment.

june 25, 1866—tf

Copartnership.

THE Subscribers have this day formed a Copartnership under the name and style of HARRIS & CONNER, for the purpose of carrying on the

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL

Grocery & Provision Business.

We have taken the old stand lately occupied by GEO. W. MANTON, and are prepared to keep Goods in any part of the city. Will pay particular attention to business, and hope to receive a liberal share of patronage.

J. M. HARRIS.
E. P. CONNER.

june9

DIRIGO!

The well known Stallion DIRIGO will stand the ensuing summer at the STABLE of J. & G. G. HATHAWAY, in BANGOR, at HATHAWAY'S STABLE.

Terms, $75 to warrant, $50 for the season. For further information apply at the office of J. & G. G. HATHAWAY. Pickering Square.

TWO IMPORTED HORSES for draft stock, weighing 1350 and 1525, (the best stock in Maine) will stand for the service of Mares at the stable of J. & G. G. HATHAWAY.

Terms, $20 to warrant; $15 for the season. Payable in advance.

J. & G. G. HATHAWAY.

may 18

CHOICE TEAS!

Rio & Java Coffee,

Sugar of all kinds,

Clear & Mess Pork,

Corn, Meal & Flour,

Syrup and Molasses,

Soaps,

Spices of all kinds,

And a General Assortment

OF

GROCERIES

AT

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

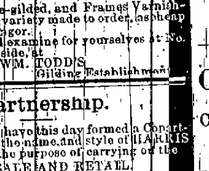
Chas. G. Wilson & Co.

May 24 127 EXCHANGE ST.

IMMENSE IMPROVEMENT!

HICK'S PATENT DIRECT-ACTING, RECIPROCATING PISTON (DOUBLE CUT OFF)

Steam Engines.



Saving 75 per cent. in space, weight, transportation, friction and number of parts, over the best engines, with great economy in steam and repairs. The cheapest, simplest, most compact and durable made. Adapted to Mining, Stationary, Portable, Locomotive, Oil and Mining uses. Of any size. Address THE HICK'S ENGINE CO. 88 Liberty Street, New York.

may 12 2aw6m

Musical Instruments

FOR SALE AND TO LET,

AT THE

Late Employment Store, Main Street,

Mrs. L. E. Webber,

AGENT.

june26—6w*

ICE,

From the Merrill and Bruce Ponds.

FAMILIES, HOTELS, SALOONS & MARKETS, furnished by the

MONTH, SEASON AND YEAR,

on reasonable terms.

J. & G. G. Hathaway.

april 9—1

Gilt Curtains.

NEW STYLES just opened and for sale very cheap at June 16 CHAS. HIGHT'S.

BANGOR HOUSE;

Main Street, Bangor, Maine,

O. M. SHAW, - - - - - Proprietor.

☞ The above HOUSE is one of the largest and best arranged Hotels in the State. Its location is unsurpassed, being in a central position, easy of access, and nearest to the Steamboats and Railroad Stations. Stages leave the above House, daily, for all parts of the country. Oct. 13

AFTER THIS DATE the style of this firm will be known as DOLE BROTHERS.

WILLIAM H. DOLE. J. ALBERT DOLE

Bangor, June 11th, 1866.

FURNITURE,

Looking Glasses & Mattrasses

DOLE BROTHERS,

NO. 30 HAMMOND STREET

MANUFACTURERS AND DEALERS IN

Parlor and Chamber Suits,

Of All Descriptions,

SPRING BEDS, SOFAS, LOUNGES,

Centre & Extension Tables, Whatnots, Bureaus,

SINKS, BEDSTEADS, CHAIRS, &c. &c.

Ship Wheels, Counting & School Room Furniture and all kinds of Cabinet Work made to order.

SAWING AND TURNING DONE TO ORDER

Having secured the services of an Upholsterer, we are prepared to do all work in that line with neatness and despatch.

Mattrasses of all Kinds

on hand and made to order, also refilled with Hair, Husks or Excelsior.

June 12th, 1866.

THE LARGEST STOCK

OF

ENGLISH & AMERICAN

TABLE CUTLERY,

IN BANGOR

FOR SALE LOW BY

Fogg & Bridges.

may 15

STODDARD'S

CHOLERA SPECIFIC,

A SURE PREVENTIVE AND CURE FOR

Cholera, Cholera Morbus, Diarrhœa, Dysentry, Summer Complaints, Pain in the Stomach and Bowels, &c.

Its action is IMMEDIATE and EFFICACIOUS. Its virtues have been tested by thousands since the Cholera season of 1849. Physicians use and RECOMMEND it. An admixture to the BEST CAMPHOR KNOWN for the complaints for which it is designed.

STODDARD & BURTON, Proprietors, Troy, N. Y.

For sale by all Druggists and dealers in Medicines.

J. WEBSTER & CO., Nashua, N. H.

may 14 3m&w Travelling Agents.

Geofray's Hair Renovater,

WILL RESTORE GRAY HAIR TO ITS ORIGINAL COLOR!

Will Prevent the Hair from Falling Off!

Will Make the Hair Soft and Glossy!

Will not Soil the Whitest Linen, and is WARRANTED!

TO SALE in the Bangor market has increased, within the last few months, from *One Gross* to more than *Three Thousand Bottles*, and its sale is as rapidly increasing throughout the Union. Buy a bottle and prove for yourself the fact that it is the *BEST ARTICLE* ever manufactured, and then recommend it to your friends.

☞ REMEMBER! that it is put up in pint bottles, and is WARRANTED.

W. L. Alden & Co., B. B. Bradbury, N. S. Harlow, Wm. Mann & Son, and J. S. Ingraham, Agents for Bangor—and sold by Druggists every where.

J. E. GIOFRAY.

☞ Portable at WILLIAMS' TONSORIAL COLLEGE, Wheelwright & Clark's Block.

Rpoklaud, (Oct. 21, 1865 d&w

State of Maine.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT,
Augusta, June 6, 1866.

To Municipal Authorities:

A CONSTRUCTION has been placed upon the law making applications for State Pension, to which it is perhaps liable, (though by no means intended, as will appear by the instructions accompanying the blanks,) that every party applying shall declare him or herself a pauper. To correct this, in all cases in which persons are applying are not receiving aid, either public or private, the third paragraph of the application signed by the proposed pensioner, which declares the inability in the second line, should be changed by striking out the words "am," "and," and "continue to," so that they will read "obtain a livelihood for myself and those dependent upon me, and shall be compelled to," &c.

The object of this law is to relieve those who may be paupers, and prevent others from becoming so, and will be so administered.

EPHRAIM FLINT, Secretary of State.

MASON & HAMLIN'S

Cabinet Organs!

THE SUBSCRIBER, at his Ware Room 24 Main Street, keeps constantly on hand a fine assortment of the above instruments, pronounced by all good judges to be the best ever made.

CHARLES HALE,

Sole Agent for Bangor and Vicinity.

June 13 3taw—3m

Molasses!

JUST RECEIVED—100 HHDS. and TIERCES, Choice Muscovado and Clayed

MOLASSES.

ALSO

Sugars, Teas, Pork, Lard, Fish, Salt, &c. &c.

A wholesale only. J. AYER & WEED'S, april 30 116 and 118 Broad St., Bangor.

2000 Gallons

EX. WINTER LARD,

OLIVE, EDAIVE AND

LUBRICATING OILS,

Now arriving at

121 EXCHANGE ST.

June 1 **Blood & Rowe.**

ATTENTION SOLDIERS!!

IMPORTANT LAW!

Extra Pensions.

Additional Bounties!

Perkins & Stevens,

LEGALLY AUTHORIZED

U. S. War Claim Agency,

Office - - - No. 1 Main St.

INVALID SOLDIERS, OFFICERS & SEAMEN, are entitled under the *NEW LAW* to an increase of Pension from

$8 to $25 per month,

For the loss of a hand or foot, or for wounds or other disability equal to such loss. Also increase of Pension for other claimants.

Equalization of Bounties!

Come early, and secure your claim for additional Bounty. No charge for services unless successful.

☞ Information and advice free.

Claimants can apply by letter or in person.

Perkins & Stevens,

Army & Navy Claim Agents,

NO. 1 MAIN STREET,

June 30 BANGOR, ME.

Pensions!---Bounty!

(NEW LAW!)

Important to all Soldiers!

PENSIONS INCREASED.

I AM AUTHORIZED, BY LAW, TO OBTAIN an *INCREASE* of Pension from

$8 to $15 Per Month,

For every Soldier who lost a *hand* or *foot* in the army, or who is disabled by wounds or sickness equal to the loss of a *hand*, or *foot*.

Also—An *INCREASE OF PENSION* for other classes, and for dependent *fathers* and brothers.—Full information given by calling on the subscriber.

BOUNTIES EQUALIZED!

This Law has passed the House and will become a law in a few days—when all the early soldiers of the war, and their widows and heirs, shall have their just due.

☞ Apply early either in person or by letter, at the OLD WAR CLAIM AGENCY of

C. P. BROWN,

June 18th, 1866.—d&wtf *BANGOR.*

PENSIONS! AND BOUNTY!

Soldiers, and all others Interested,

BE NOT DECEIVED!

WE ARE AUTHORIZED AGENTS of the United States Government to obtain the Increased Pension and Additional Bounty, in all cases under the NEW LAWS, at legal rates. *No extra charges.*

Soldiers who have lost a hand or a foot, or who have received any other disability equal to the loss of a hand or a foot, are now entitled to a pension of

$15.00 PER MONTH!

Special attention given to obtaining Pensions for Widows, Children and Mothers. In these cases dependent Fathers and Mothers. In these cases generally regarded no difficult to Claim Agents, we never fail to obtain a certificate where there is a just claim.

☞ All letters of inquiry promptly answered.

☞ Apply early either by letter or in person, at the *New War Claim Agency* of

Perkins & Smith,

(LATE WITH C. P. BROWN.)

No. 2½ West End Kenduskeag Bridge, *BANGOR.*

june 28

S. H. MACE,

Licensed by Government to Procure

PENSIONS,

Arrears of Pay and Bounty,

AND PRIZE-MONEY

—FOR—

Maine Soldiers.

NEW PENSION ACT.

MR. MACE is also procuring $25, $20, and $15 per month for those entitled to increased Pensions under the new act, and

PENSIONS FOR DEPENDENT FATHERS,

the same as mothers, and

EQUALIZATION BOUNTY PAPERS

Are being prepared by him that his clients may have their money soon as possible, when legally entitled to the same.

Office No. 4, Wheelwright & Clark's Block,

June 26 BANGOR.

HAYING TOOLS.

NEW LONDON Double Refined SCYTHES.
Do. do. Cast Steel Steel Back do.,
Do. do. German do do do do.,
Joseph Cummings & Co.'s

Cast Steel Scythes,

Dunn Edge Tool Co.'s

Cast Steel Scythes,

Patent Snaths, Plate Snaths,

Two and Three Bowed Rakes of all the best makes and qualities.

Two and Three Tined Hay Forks.

Premium Scythe Stones, Common do., Bishop Scythe Sharpeners, &c., &c.

For sale at wholesale and retail, at Factory Prices, by

MICHAEL SCHWARTZ,

139 and 141 Exchange Street,

June 21 Bangor, Me.

THE PLACE TO BUY

FANS, FANCY GOODS,

Trimmings and White Goods,

—ALSO—

Best Sewing Machine in the Market,

IS AT THE

Employment Store,

No 6 Union Block, Main St.

June 29

Rockland Lime.

500 CASKS ROCKLAND LIME, on hand. Fresh lots received weekly. For sale by ROBT. TREAT & CO.

June 28—3m Opposite Penobscot Exchange.

Whig & Courier.

Daily Established 1834. - - - Weekly 1845.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

For one square (amount of 15 lines this type,) one insertion,	$1 00
For one square, three times in the Daily,	1 50
For one square, one week,	2 00
Each week's continuance,	75
For half-square, one time,	1 00
For half-square, three times,	1 25
For half-square, one week,	1 50
each week's continuance,	50
For one square, in Weekly, three times,	1 50
each week's continuance,	25

SPECIAL NOTICES.

$2.00 per square for first week—$1.00 per square for continuance.

DOUBLE COLUMN ADVERTISEMENTS, inserted at the rate of "Special Notices."

☞ Advertisements continued *three times a week*, at two-thirds price; *twice a week*, one half price; *one time a week* one-third price.

☞ Advertisements, where the time of insertion is not specially designated, will be continued until otherwise ordered.

☞ All Transient Advertising must be paid for in advance.

TELEGRAPHIC.

Despatches to the Evening Times.

Burning of a Clipper Ship at Sea—Treaties with the Indians.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 13.

The first stage on the new route between Chico, California and Idaho, came through in three days. It is believed that the Idaho trade heretofore conducted via the Columbia river can by this route be brought to California direct.

The uncertainty about the tariff has unsettled the market for imported goods.—There is a fair demand for wheat at full figures. Extra flour is quoted 6,25.

NEW YORK, July 10.

It is understood that the Supreme Court of Kings county, Brooklyn, will give today a decision in favor of the constitutionality of the excise law. This will compel its enforcement in King's county, while it is disregarded in this city, awaiting the decision of the Court of Appeals in September.

NEW YORK, July 10.

The Tribune says:

Mr. Stansberry of Ohio, it is rumored, will succeed Mr. Speed, and Governor Sharkey of Mississippi, will probably be Mr. Harlan's successor.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 11.

A Victoria despatch of yesterday announces the burning of the barque Erskine Wood, from London, and ship Mohair, from Gravesend, with the wire for the Russian-American telegraph.

Honolulu advices report that the clipper ship Hornet, Captain Mitchell, from New York for San Francisco, was burned at sea May 30, in lat. 2° N., lon. 135° 5' W. The captain and twelve of the crew and two of the passengers, named Ferguson, landed at San Pabloee after being 43 days in the long boat. Two other boats are yet out, containing, the first and second mates and twenty others. The boats kept company 19 days, and then parted from one another. The ship carried a large quantity of kerosene and burned rapidly.

NEW YORK, July 16.

The steamer Marathon reports at 10:30 p. m. July 4, exchanged signals with the Great Eastern, 10 miles southeast of Hastnet. The Marathon saw large icebergs 6 miles east of Cape Race.

HALIFAX, July 14.

Lower Canning was burned on Saturday night. Over fifty stores and dwellings were destroyed.

WASHINGTON, July 14.

The President has proclaimed a treaty with the Choctaw and Chickasaw nations by which the latter covenant that slavery shall not exist among them, and in consideration of the sum of $300,000 cede to this Government the territory west of the 98th degree of West Longitude, known as the leased district, and obligate themselves to bestow upon all persons of African descent resident in the nation, and descendants, all rights, privileges and immunities, including the right of suffrage of citizens, and also give them 40 acres of land on the same territory as the Choctaws and Chickasaws.

The United States declare a general amnesty of all past offences, by these Indians, and restore them to all the civil rights that they enjoyed befor they took part in the late rebellion.

THE MONSTER RAM DUNDERBERG. The great ram Dunderberg, building in New York, has had steam on for a number of days, for the purpose of testing her massive machinery. The trials have thus far proved entirely satisfactory, and everything has worked with an ease and freedom seldom witnessed in new engines. It is expected that she will be ready for her trial trip in a month's time, and much interest is felt in the result. The contract calls for a speed of 15 knots an hour, with a pressure of twenty-five pounds of steam to the square inch, and it is confidently asserted that she can easily make more if necessary.

MAINE EMERY. The emery mine in the town of Arrowsic, opposite Bath, is becoming an important affair. The Boston Commercial Bulletin says the emery there obtained is fast coming into general use among manufacturers. As the mine is deepened the emery increases in hardness, and is now largely exported to Europe, where it has received the most flattering encomiums. The Bath Iron & Mining Company employ about twenty hands, who turn out 4000 lbs. of emery per day. With the genius of American manufactures, they have invented and put into use new and ingenious machinery, for separating the different grades and producing the emery clean and perfect. The officers of the Company are A. B. Buttrick, President; C. H. McLellan, Secretary; N. M. Dow, Treasurer.

PROGRESS OF EVENTS AT WASHINGTON. The Boston Traveller says:—Newspaper reporters, notwithstanding the extreme heat, were at work until after midnight Saturday, at Washington, gathering facts in regard to the important political movements in progress there. It is stated that several of the Democratic leaders are now in Washington, in full communication with the President, and the prospect now is that a complete fusion between the Executive and the Democratic party will be effected, thus making the Philadelphia Convention, in the main, a gathering of that party.

We learn that the only New England man of prominence outside of the Democratic party whose name has been connected with the new movement, Ex-Gov. Clifford of Massachusetts, refuses to have anything to do with the Philadelphia Convention.—Among others now at the Capital arranging matters is James E. English, the Democratic nominee for Governor in Connecticut at the late election.

THE BANGOR CONTRIBUTIONS FOR PORTLAND SUFFERERS. The committee which prepared the list of contributions for the Portland sufferers, as published yesterday morning, did not intend to have it understood that it was complete. They obtained from the sub-committees such lists as they could up to Saturday night, intending to add such names as were omitted at a subsequent time. To publish below such additional names as they have been able to get, and there are yet lists which have not been handed to them, which when received will be published. It is also presumed that errors may occur in the amounts, and when such errors are stated, they will be corrected. One such error has come to the notice of the committee already. The amount of Henry Gillen's contribution should be fifty dollars instead of five. The error was not made by us. The following are the additional names thus far:

Jas McLaughlin,	100
Mrs Leonard March	50
W C Crosby	50
H M Milly	30
John Appleton	30
Chas Hamblin	30
Mrs C B Sanford	25
Rev C C Everett	20
Seth Paine	20
Symmes Rich	20
D F Leavitt	20
Mrs Cyrus Emery	20
Holdsworth	20
A Wigzin	20
Cyrus Brown	20
Wm Pompson	20
Wilton & Keaton	20
H Burnie	20
Josiah Cutting	20
Mrs Geo Lancaster	20
A Wilsey	20
R Woodman	20
Hayford	20
Rev Sam'l Harris	20
Rev Enoch Pond	20
Mary Drummond	20
Prof Geo Shepard	20
Mich'l Johnson	20
A Steel	10
Mrs J Dole	10
J A Jackson	10
W H Fellows	10
D Mitchell	10
Abram T Wall	10
Henry Little	10
G E Webber	10
Stetson & Seavey	10
John Brown	10
Archelus Hunt	10
T Nye	10
S Gallifer	10
J S Ayer	100
Frank N Jarod	50
W H Wallington	50
A Maxfield	30
J B Carr	30
D K Palmer	30
Saml A Fellows	25
J Payne	25
Capt Dummer	20
Mrs N Harlow	20
N T Swan	20
Saml Clement	10
Luther Groves	10
E McLaughlin	10
A Kelley, 2 25.	2
W H P erry	2
R H Scott	2
Betsey D Snow	2
Gideon Haines	2
Mary J Jones	2
J H Legrow	2
A Lennan	2
C H Jelkin	2
J W Smith	2
James Pendegast	2
Wm B Thompson	2
C Kittredge	2
Mrs Susan Fellows	2
A Cash	5
D Emery	5
Mrs M Wood	5
A Fogg	5
J W Allen	5
Cash	5
Daniel McCarty	5
Owen McGinty	5
M Conner	5
S Everton	5
J Maxwell	5
J Stevens	5
Mrs J S Appleton	5c.

The New York Postoffice is said to send away each day an average of 110,000 pounds of mail matter, whilst the average daily receipts for distribution in New York city are 78,000 pounds. The number of bags received, closed and forwarded in a single day, often exceed 1000.

The losses of the Portland Mutual Company, by the great fire seem to fall peculiarly hard upon the middling classes of mechanics and others, as we have before said.

A writer to the Argus suggests as follows:

There was a large class of our worthy citizens, generally in moderate circumstances, who were not so fortunate. I allude to the insured in the Portland Mutual Fire Company. The loss there, as I am informed, is about $300,000. They have not more than $60,000 to $70,000 to respond with. This was good for all their purposes, in ordinary times. For forty years before they did not make a loss which was not promptly paid. Not an assessment of a dollar was ever laid upon a member. But now there was only a margin for a small per centage. The loss is almost entirely in dwelling houses.—It has been suggested with some force, that a portion of the money coming in so liberally, could not be better applied than to pay a certain part of the great deficiency of this company, and thus relieve, in a measure, this great loss to their policy holders who have suffered. If they had neglected to insure it would have been different. The neglect would have been sadly punished—but taking all precaution as they thought, and would have been sufficient, had not the sweep been so overwhelming, there seem to be no neglect chargeable to these sufferers.

So far as the Bangor contributors are concerned, we think they would be glad to have this class of sufferers considered.

NEBRASKA. Another star must now be placed upon the National flag. Nebraska has completed the organization of its State government, and according to the enabling act it has now become a State of the Federal Union—the thirty seventh. The new State is one of the largest and will some day be one of the most productive in the Union. Its soil is uncommonly rich and well adopted to the raising of wheat, rye, barley, corn and other Northern cereals. Nebraska has not increased very rapidly in population within the last few years. Kansas has received the chief benefit of the emigration to that region, and the settlements in Nebraska have not yet extended any great distance from the Mississippi river. It may be expected, however, that the tide of emigration will ere long be attracted by the advantages offered by Nebraska, and that the new State will become productive and prosperous.—N. Y. Sun.

THE CHOLERA IN EUROPE. The London Lancet says:

Riveted by the war which has broken out on the continent, public attention for the moment has been diverted from the cholera. The progress of the disease in eastern as well as western Europe has, however, during the past month been such as to noxuire narrow attention. The epidemic has broken out in Irsei, Pockthant, and other towns of Moldo-Wallachian territory. It is to be predicted that the malady has resumed its assumed also that the malady has resumed its activity in the southwestern provinces of Europe. Russia, as active measures against it repeat have been already adopted in St. Petersburg. In Holland the disease is widely prevalent. From its first appearance in May (?) to the 13th of June, 724 cases and 431 deaths have been reported in Leyden: 216 cases and 135 deaths in St. Gravenhage; 396 cases and 220 deaths in Delit; 700 cases and 533 deaths in Rotterdam; 100 cases and fifty deaths in Gouda, and 305 cases and 169 deaths in Utrecht. In Prussia cholera has declared itself in Stettin, Berlin, Swinemunde, Frankfort-on-the-Oder, Neustadt, Eberswald, Cammin, Amswalde and several other villages. From the 2d to the 9th of June there were 108 fatal cases in Stettin.—June there were 108 fatal cases in Stettin.—Sixty-five cases occurred in two days last Arnswalde. The disease has not yet shown much activity in Berlin and vicinity—the cases, indeed, would appear to have been scattered mainly in the suburbs. The epidemic still lingers in the neighborhood of Altenburg, Saxony, and it is reported to have shown itself at Chemnitz and, near Eckternach, on the Rhine.

The Liverpool Courier, in reporting a temperature of 82° at the Observatory, on the 27th of June, calls it a "great heat"—nearly 26° above the average for that day. It says "all the grass lands in this vicinity will be cut this week."

THE BLAIRS. A Western editor, with a talent for emphasis says: "The Blair family, consisting of the senior Francis, the junior Francis and Montgomery, is the three headed Cerberus stationed at the entrance to the executive mansion, demanding a sop from every political party that seeks an entrance. It is a trinity of superannuated shrewdness, precocious conceit, and vanity soured by disappointed ambition."

The New York Tribune is emphatic in speaking of the Common Council of that city:

We now give notice that an earnest effort will be made next winter to abolish the Common Council of our city. It does nothing but steal; and it does that on so gigantic a scale that the city can no longer afford the expensive luxury of a Common Council.

RELIGIOUS NEWS. The Ellsworth Journal says that Rev. Mr. Gurney has accepted the call of the Baptist Society, and will enter upon his pastoral duties a week from next Sabbath.

—The anniversary at Bangor Theological Seminary will occur July 25th and 26th.—Professor Smith of Andover is to preach before the Alumni and Rev. John Pike of Rowley will address the Society of Inquiry. Rev. James McGosh, LL. D., of Ireland, is to give the address before the Rhetorical Society.

—The Chesapeake Female College, situated near Fortress Monroe, is to be converted into a Theological Seminary for negroes, under the patronage of the Northern Baptist Home Missionary Society.

—In Massachusetts during the past year, thirty Congregational Ministers have been dismissed, fifteen have died, twenty-one have been ordained, and twenty-six installed as pastors. Returns from three hundred churches show aggregate contributions amounting to $30,000.

A SABBATH SCHOOL FOR ALL. The Rev. J. B. Simmons, pastor of the Fifth Baptist church, Philadelphia, has organized all the members of his church and congregation into a Sabbath School. They occupy the entire Sabbath afternoon for a Bible School session, using all the church edifice, even the pulpit platform, for the purpose.

More than 900 names are enrolled, and there have been 300 present at a given session. Of these between three and four hundred are adults, ranging from fifteen to seventy years of age.

—The Roman Catholic Bishop of Three Rivers, Lower Canada, in a pastoral letter appointed on the intemperance of the men and the extravagance of the women in his diocese. He says too:

"Extravagance leads to what in the sight of God constitutes another crime, namely, the indecent fashions of certain dresses which too great a number of women and girls permit themselves to wear, to the detriment and contempt of Christian modesty and chastity. The modes have certainly made a serious inroad upon the proverbial good manners which our pious ancestors have handed down to us as a legacy.

For these and other sins, he thinks, the incessant rains, the threatened approach of cholera, and the Fenian invasion have been permitted by Providence.

NEW STAGE LINE

FROM

GUILFORD TO BANGOR!

The Subscriber would respectfully announce to the public that he has fitted up a NEW STAGE LINE from

Guilford Village to Bangor,

VIA DOVER AND EXETER,

He has also engaged N. C. Hersick, a well known responsible driver, who will use every effort to accommodate his passengers and customers.

The Stage will leave Bangor every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY and FRIDAY, at 6 A. M., passing through Hermon, Exeter, Garland, Dover and Foxcroft, arriving at Guilford at 4 P. M.

RETURNING,

Will leave Guilford every TUESDAY, THURSDAY and SATURDAY at 7 A. M., passing through the above named towns, arriving at Bangor by 4 P. M.

☞ Books kept at the Penobscot Exchange and Hatch House.

☞ Fare as cheap as by any other route.

July 1 C. J. RHYE, Proprietor.

Sewing Machines.

GENERAL DEPOT.

Singer's,
Wheeler & Wilson,
Sloat,
Grover & Baker,
Leavitt.

MACHINES

OF THESE CELEBRATED MAKERS.

For Sale at 24 Main Street,

By Charles Hale.

Bangor, June 13th, 1866. 3taw—3m

Cosmetics, Hair Dyes,

ALL KINDS OF HAIR RENEWERS & WASHES, Pomades, Oil, Sachet Powders, Toilet Powders, Rouge and White Flesh Powders, Powder Puffs and Boxes, &c., at HARLOW'S,

4 Smith's Block.

jy5 9

Very Choice English Breakfast

AND

OOLONG TEAS,

AT THE

MUTUAL STORE.

June 21—tf

Yellow Sheathing Metal

AND

COTTON DUCK.

BRIDGEWATER Yellow Sheathing Metal; and Woodbury Cotton Duck, superior articles, at the lowest manufacturers' prices. Constantly on hand for sale by

S. H. DALE & CO.

april 23—3m

Whig & Courier.

WHEELER & LYNDE, PROPRIETORS.

WM. H. WHEELER, EDITOR.

Business letters should be addressed to the Publishers, "WHEELER & LYNDE."

TUESDAY, JULY 17, 1866.

UNION NOMINATIONS.

FOR GOVERNOR.

Gen. J. L. CHAMBERLAIN

For Representatives to Congress.

1st Dist.—JOHN LYNCH, Portland.
2d Dist.—SIDNEY PERHAM, Paris.
3d Dist.—JAMES G. BLAINE, Augusta.
4th Dist.—JOHN A. PETERS, Bangor.

What General Chamberlain Says.

All must unite in *demanding security for the future.* We must have guaranties good and sufficient against any future attempt to destroy this Government whether in the exercise of a pretended right by open war or BY MORE ARTFUL AND INSIDIOUS ASSAULTS against the principles on which this Nation was founded. These are points we cannot yield without danger and dishonor: and WHEN THE SOUTHERN STATES SHALL HAVE COMPLIED WITH THOSE CONDITIONS IN GOOD FAITH they will be in a condition to ask association and fellowship with the loyal commonwealth of the country which they deserted with such violence and scorn. UNTIL THAT TIME, in my judgment, it is wise to hold them in strict probation.

The Union Republican Doctrine.

At Washington despatch of the 11th states that Mr. Speaker Colfax was re-nominated for Congress in the South Bend District, Indiana. He had no competitor in the Convention.

During the session of the Convention, which was very harmonious, the following letter from Mr. Colfax was read. It will stir the heart of every true Republican in the land, and strengthen him to do his whole duty in the coming contest.

HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES,
WASHINGTON, July 2, 1866.

DEAR SIRS:—The harmony and success of the Union organization, welded together in the furnace-fire of a four years' war, is of such paramount importance to all other considerations, that I write you this letter to be read at the Westville Convention, that my position may be unmistakably understood by those who have honored me with their confidence so cordially and so long.

Last winter, when my name had been suggested by several papers in various parts of the State for the Senate, I published a card, stating that I was not, and never had been, a candidate for that distinguished position, having always preferred service in the House. But my name must not be in the way a single moment, if any considerable portion of the Convention prefer some other standard bearer, even though that portion should be a minority. If that event the delegation from St. Joseph County are requested to withdraw my name and to pledge my most earnest exertions to whoever of the many active and faithful friends of the Union cause the Convention may prefer to nominate.

The contest before us is of as vital importance to the truest and best interests of the nation as the exciting contests of 1862 and 1864, and the issues should be clearly and distinctly before the people. They can be condensed into a single question: *"Which shall govern in the councils of the Nation, Loyalty or Disloyalty?"*

It has been well said in language as terse as it is true, that the power to carry on war for National existence carries with it the power to prescribe the terms of peace. The duty of guarding the land against the danger of a second Rebellion is as imperative as its preservation from the first. And nothing seems clearer than that the same authority which prevented 11 States from destroying the Union has a right as indisputable as the right of self-defense to regulate the resumption of the relations of those States.

When the Rebel armies surrendered, the President decided, and rightly, that civil government had been destroyed in each of the Rebel States, and he officially proclaimed that fact in his commissions to Provisional Governors thereof. The Congressional policy starts from the same initial point.—The President declared that essential conditions, involving great changes, must be complied with by those States before they could resume their forfeited rights. And so does Congress. The President required the ratification of an important Constitutional amendment, which had been submitted by a Congress representing the loyal States, and in which the Rebel States had no vote. And Congress make a similar demand to-day. If the President could rightfully require their ratification of one amendment, changing their whole system of labor, and destroying what they regarded as vested rights of property, proposed by a Congress in which they were unrepresented and in conflict, as it was, with their life-long prejudices, why cannot the Congress elected as the law-making power of the country by the same voters as himself, require the ratification of another amendment, preventing the Rebel States from wielding increased power in Congress hereafter, because of the war, which, against their desires, had lifted their slaves into the full stature of Freemen?

That this amendment is in accordance with the wishes of the loyal millions who won the brilliant political victory of 1865, is proven by the unanimity with which it was supported in the House of Representatives. Every man elected as a Union member, whether from the North or the South, from the East or the West, gave it his vote; not barely the two-thirds required by the Constitution, but nearly four-fifths. On this amendment, as a security for the future, the Union party of the Nation have planted themselves, and I shall stand with them most cordially, vindicating its justice, wisdom and necessity, and willing on it to stand or fall.

For one, I do not doubt the result. Shall Rebels settle their own terms of coming back to govern us? Shall they reascend to enlarged and increased power, using as steps the graves of the Union dead? Should not Congress, whose solemn duty it is to see that the Republic suffers no evil, pause before the bitter foes of yesterday are admitted to the inner sanctuary of the Nation's life? Ought they not to guard the halls of National legislation from being trodden by the feet of those who have been murdering the defenders of the Union for fidelity to an allegiance they themselves so wickedly repudiated? Every newspaper in the land, North or South, which eulogized Jefferson Davis, and villified Abraham Lincoln, now denounces Congress in the severest terms. Every unrepentant Rebel and unscrupulous sympathizer joins them in their revilings. But I rejoice that it has been so faithful, so inflexible, in what it has regarded as the pathway of Duty and of Right. And it now remains for the people, by their indorsement or rejection of its proposed Constitutional guaranty, to approve or to condemn those who present it as an *indispensable prerequisite* to the restoration of the forfeited rights and the political power our enemies made such hot haste to resign and abjure at the opening of the rebellion.

Nor are these terms oppressive or unjust. Never has a nation whose existence has been imperilled, and whose hundreds of thousands of graves and thousands of millions of debt attest its gigantic sacrifices, offered more lenient conditions to those who conspired for its destruction. Have we forgotten the insulting defiance with which their members, like cursed Cain as to the Constitution and Union, left their seats here—the persecuting conscription, tyranny, expulsions and hangings by the rebel authorities of all who refused to forswear, like themselves, their allegiance to their country and their flag—the cruel torture and starvation of scores of thousands of our soldiers when prisoners in their hands—their unyielding persistency in carrying out conflict till armed rebellion was crushed, not from a want of will but from exhaustion of resources and the heroism of the boys in blue—the continued existence of this hostile feeling as evidenced in their political and social proscription of every Northerner who fought for his country, the disloyal utterances of their press and pulpit, and the election in every Rebel State of Governors who had served or fought for the Rebellion? Despite all this, Congress only asks that representation, North and South, shall be based on those eligible to participate in political power; that the civil rights of all persons, native born or naturalized, shall be maintained; that the National debt and Pension list preserved inviolate; that Rebel debt repudiated; and exclusion from office of those who, having once taken and broken an oath of fidelity to the Nation, could not be trusted in the faithful fulfillment hereafter of another similar obligation.

Contrast this with the course of our fathers toward those who, during the Revolutionary war, refused to fight for the Independence of the Colonies. The Tories of that day insisted that their allegiance and loyalty were due to the King, and that they should not be compelled to transfer them.—But the stern patriots who founded our government would tolerate no such argument. Determined to create a pure national sentiment, they made Toryism odious in every possible way. They admitted none of them to seats in the Congress of the Nation against which they had warred. They allowed no moral prosecutions to the graves of the Tory dead, nor the use of such pretexts for treasonable speeches of eulogy on their lost cause. They suffered no Tory papers to exist and scatter their malignant poison over the land. They disfranchised and expatriated them. *Such was the Reconstruction Policy of our fathers.*

Strongly in contrast with this as is the reconstruction policy of Congress, so mild and forgiving of the blackest of crimes, not for revenge but for defense, not for punishment but for justice, our Democratic opponents have arrayed themselves against it, and the people are to decide the issue. *If you would take on board as a crew to work your ship those who undjust bein. striving to scuttle and destroy it,* then it might be believed that the American people would throw open the doors of their Congress and their appropriations for pensions and the public debt, and legislation for all matters of national concern, to those who sought to whelm the nation in a common ruin, and who, if they had the power to-day would shatter the Republic and rebuild their Confederacy.

"In 1864, when the Democratic National Convention at Chicago resolved that the war was a failure, and demanded an immediate cessation of hostilities by our armies, thus waving the white flag of surrender, Jefferson Davis, the President of the Rebel conspiracy, waited and watched for the result with the deepest anxiety. The magnificent uprising of the people destroyed his hopes and, with the resistless blows of our gallant soldiers, his wicked cause went down. Now, in 1866, A. H. Stephens, the Vice President of that treasonable organization, proclaims that their hope is in the elections of this fall. Again these false hopes must be destroyed. The Rebel States will realize, in the response of the loyal millions to the issue, that the determination of those who saved the Union from their fierce attacks, to have guaranties against another Rebellion, is inflexible. Yielding as they must to these demands, which, considering their cause, are even more generous than just, the XLth Congress will witness loyal Senators and Representatives in their seats from every State. And the Union, thus auspiciously reconstructed, on the enduring corner-stones of loyalty, universal liberty, the elevation of the oppressed, and the right of all men, born under our flag or naturalized in our courts, to the equal protection of the law, will commence a new career of progress, prosperity and power.

Yours truly,
SCHUYLER COLFAX.

"NOTHA DEAD HARTY." Under this caption, the New York Sun, an "independent" paper in politics, has the following:

When the rupture occurred between Congress and the President, many Republicans feared, and nearly all the Democrats believed, that the complete overthrow of the Republican party would be the result. But the sequel has proven that the fears and the hopes in that case were equally groundless. The rupture has apparently had no more effect upon the stability of the Republican party than a pistol bullet would have upon Gibraltar. The proceedings of the caucus held by the Republican members of Congress on Wednesday night, are alone sufficient evidence upon this point. Every member belonging to that party, even including Mr. Raymond, voted to have nothing to do with the Philadelphia convention. This action may be regarded as the final blow to the fond hopes that were entertained by the Democrats concerning the dissolution of the Republican party. It is a favorite fiction with the Democratic journals that the majority party in Congress do not truthfully represent their constituents—that they do not reflect the sentiments of the Republican masses. But these journals know better. *We doubt if there are half a dozen Republican papers, de facto, in the North, that conscientiously support the President's policy.* It is true that some papers professing to be Republican, which are owned by postmasters, revenue officers and other Government *attaches* give their support to the President for manifest reasons, but it cannot be claimed that they fairly represent the sentiment of the party to which they claim to belong. The truth is, that the Republican party has gone through the ordeal of a rupture with the Administration which it placed in power, without having received any perceptible injury. The lesson taught by these facts is this: A political party cannot be killed by outside influence. It may die by reason of its suicidal policy; it may gradually lose vital ity until it falls into decay, but while it remains sound and healthful it cannot be successfully assailed from without.

There are papers in Maine sufficiently asinine to retail a story that Wm. H. Seward, the founder of the Republican party, and in one sense also of the Union party, has advised the assemblage of Southern members elect and of the Democratic members of Congress, and that the body they would then constitute should be recognized by the Executive as the Congress of the United States. The blockheads are not all extinct, that's certain!—[Times.

You are right, neighbor, about blockheads. But no papers in Maine assert this at all. It was stated by several members of the Congressional caucus on Tuesday or Wednesday night of last week. These are the authorities whom you so elegantly style asses. If Mr. Seward was "the founder of the Republican party" he has slipped strangely and far from his foundation.

Mr. Scofield, of Pennsylvania has introduced a bill to change the time of the annual meeting of Congress from the first Monday in December, to the first Monday in November, which was referred and will probably be enacted.

Mr. A. W. Randall, late Assistant Postmaster General and one of President Johnson's instruments, in his attempt to break up the Union Republican party, has been appointed Postmaster General, in place of Mr. Dennison, resigned. Mr. Randall is from Wisconsin. In filling up the other vacancies in the Cabinet, it is expected that Mr. Johnson will consider the claims of the late rebel States. He must do so to be consistent with himself—he having declared that they are fully restored "to all their privileges and rights under the Constitution." Perhaps when Mr. Stanton resigns, Mr. Johnson will consider it safe and proper to entrust the *War* Department to some reconstructed rebel. According to some Johnsonian authorities there are no persons in the South fit to hold office, except reconstructed or pardoned rebels—that is, no able men who can take the test oath. If *Floyd* was still living, he might stand a good chance now of getting back into the War Department, which he administered with such signal ability—for the South—under Mr. Buchanan. He would certainly be eligible, under President Johnson's ruling.

It was *not* to "the question in the above form that the Times replied and undertook to show authority by inference": Nothing of the kind.—[Times.

What was you talking about, then? It was the only question we stated, and precisely in that form. It is funny to hear the *Times* talk about twisting and turning. In replying to our original question it excluded the vital part, and the *only* part which made the question of any importance.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

It is of Great Importance

That every one should know where to purchase superior walking dress gaiters or slippers. We know of no other place than T. E. MOSELEY & CO'S, Summer street, Boston.

PHOTOGRAPHS

OF THE

Burnt District of Portland.

S. W. SAWYER

Has just returned from Portland where he has been making

Stereoscopic Pictures of the Ruins,

Which he has for sale at wholesale or retail. From these Pictures any one can get very good ideas of the enormous destruction made by the terrible conflagration.

He is still making those PORCELAIN PICTURES.

Just received a large collection of Photograph Frames at SAWYER'S 234 Stricklands Block.

july 16—sulw

Trusses----Trusses!

The Largest Stock in Maine.

Every Desirable Kind

A Perfect Fit Guaranteed! Let every one in need call and examine.

By B. F. BRADBURY,
jan 30 sn6m July16 No. 8 Smith's Block.

Slowly, Steadily, Successfully,

SMOLANDER'S

EXTRACT BUCKU

IS CURING

Every case of KIDNEY DISEASE, RHEUMATISM, GRAVEL, URINARY DISORDERS and PAINS in the BACK, FEMALE COMPLAINTS and TROUBLES arising from EXCESSES of ANY KIND.

TRY SMOLANDER'S.

Take No Other Bucku.

Sold in Bangor by W. H. ALDEN & CO., and N. SHERBURNE, and by Apothecaries generally.

Price $1.

BURLEIGH & ROGERS, Wholesale Druggists, Boston, Mass., General Agents.

W. WHIPPLE, Portland, Agent for Maine.
mch 7 sn d&wly

Colgate's Aromatic Vegetable Soap.

An superior *Toilet Soap*, prepared from refined *Vegetable Oils* in combination with *Glycerine*, and especially designed for the use of *Ladies* and for the *Nursery*. Its perfume is exquisite, and its washing properties unrivalled. For sale by all druggists. feb 17—sn d&wly

Scorched but not Burned!

Forest City Dye House all Right.

All kinds of goods COLORED, as usual. Work *warranted*. Bring in your Kid Gloves and have them colored.

Dwelley & Co., Agents,

No. 6 MAIN STREET, Under the Hatch House.
July 13 1msn

Summer Arrangement, 1866.

DAILY INSIDE LINE,

FOR PORTLAND AND BOSTON

From Bangor via Portland, the P. S. and P. Boston and Maine and Eastern R. Road daily (Sundays excepted), at 5 o'clock A. M. From Boston daily (Sundays excepted), at 4 o'clock P. M.

THE Steamer LADY LANG, Capt. R. A. PRINCE, and the Steamer REGULATOR, Capt. J. A. FLANDERS, will form the DAILY LINE as above, leaving Bangor every *Monday, Tuesday, Wednesday, Thursday, Friday and Saturday* morning, at five o'clock, touching at all the usual landings on the River and Bay (except Searsport), arriving in Portland in season to take the Cars of the P. S. and P. Railroad Express Train.

From Boston Daily

Cars leave depot of the Boston and Maine R. Road, Haymarket Square, every *Monday, Wednesday and Friday*, at 7 o'clock, P. M., making sure connection with the steamers of this line. Cars leave depot of the Eastern R. Road, Causeway street, Boston, every *Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday*, at 7 o'clock, P. M., connecting as above.

Fare from Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Bucksport, to Boston, by R. Road from Portland, $4.50. From Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Bucksport, to Boston, by steamer from Portland, $4.00. From Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Bucksport, to Portland, $3.00. MEALS EXTRA.

J. O. KENDRICK,
Bangor, May 17, 1866. Agent.
(Times & Jeffersonian)

Pictures Cheap!

GREAT REDUCTION

FROM FORMER PRICES!

TIN-TYPES Colored and Finished in a superior manner, all for TWENTY-FIVE CENTS PER DOZEN.

PHOTOGRAPHS, of every style and variety, finished in Oil, Water Colors, or India Ink.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS,

PLAIN OR COLORED.

Ambrotypes, Melanotypes, Locket Pictures,

And in short I am prepared to do all kinds of work usually done in a first class room.

I employ the very best Artists to do work promptly and neatly, and have all the "facilities" that any Artist in Bangor has for copying or making Pictures from life, and I guarantee to do work as well, and at as low prices, as any one else.

A Good Assortment of Frames and Cases CONSTANTLY ON HAND.

Thanking my friends especially, and the public generally, for their most liberal patronage, I hope, by strict attention to my business, to merit a continuance of your favors.

DON'T FORGET THE PLACE!

NO. 2 SMITH'S BLOCK,

Same entrance as the Land Office, and directly opposite Wheelwright & Clark's large Clothing Establishment.

June 27—tf A. B. FARRAR.

THE Best Assortment OF HOOP SKIRTS, IN BANGOR,

MAY BE SEEN AT

Colkins & Stanford's,

25 Main Street.

July 9—sn 2w

Hardy's Porcelain Pictures!

After much study and experiment, I have succeeded in producing the

FINEST PORCELAIN PHOTOGRAPHS.

My improved process gives great brilliancy and softness to the impression, making it in every way far superior to other Photographic productions.

The public are respectfully invited to call and see specimens at Hardy's well-known Gallery, where all kinds of PHOTOGRAPHIC PICTURES are finely executed, whether copies or from the living sitter.

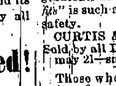
FRANK W. HARDY.
June 9—sn

City of Bangor.

The Regular meeting of the Joint Standing Committee on Accounts and Claims will be holden at the Aldermen's Room, City Hall, on FRIDAY, before the First Monday of each month, at 2 o'clock P. M.

H. B. WILLIAMS, Chairman.
march 29, 1866

NOTICE.



The Citizen's Cornet Band of Orono, are prepared to furnish from 1 to 15 pieces of Music for Excursions, Promenade Concerts, Dances and all other occasions. For further information apply to WILLARD FRAKS, Leader, Upl Stillwater, or A. MARDEN, Clerk, Orono.

Orono, July 7, 1866. sn 2wd

UNITED STATES Internal Revenue!

COLLECTOR'S OFFICE,
FOURTH DISTRICT OF MAINE,
BANGOR, July 3, 1866.

In pursuance of Section 28 of the Act of Congress, entitled "An Act to provide Internal Revenue to support the Government, to pay interest on the public debt, and for other purposes, approved June 30, 1864, as amended by the Act of March 3; including sections relating to the collection of internal revenue stamps and other matters."

I hereby give notice that I have received from GEORGE P. SEWALL, Esq., Assessor for the Fourth Collection District of the State of Maine, the annual list of Duties and Taxes assessed by him in the month of May, 1866.

That said Taxes and Duties have become due and payable, and that I will attend at my office, Exchange Block, in the City of Bangor, to receive the same, for the First Division of said District, from the tenth to the thirtieth days of July instant, inclusive.

That for the Second Division of said District, ALBION K. P. GRAY, Esq., Deputy Collector in said Division, will attend at Dover on the 16th and each succeeding day of the month of July instant, to receive the Taxes and Duties assessed within said Division.

That for the Third Division of said District, FRANCIS E. NUTE, Esq., Deputy Collector for said Division, will attend at his Office at Lincoln in the County of Penobscot, on each of the days from the 16th to the 31st of July instant, inclusive, to receive the Taxes and Duties assessed within said Division.

That for the Fourth Division, JOHN H. BRAGDON, Esq., Deputy Collector therein, will attend in the County of Aroostook, at Houlton on the 16th and each succeeding day of July instant, to receive the Taxes and Duties assessed within the County of Aroostook.

And I further give notice that "all persons who shall neglect to pay the Duties and Taxes so as aforesaid assessed upon them, to the Collector or his Deputies within the time specified, shall be liable to pay ten per centum additional upon the amount thereof;" and that the penalties when incurred will invariably be enforced agreeably to the provisions of the Act aforesaid and the special instructions of the Commissioner of Internal Revenue.

No further notice of the Annual List required by Law than the foregoing; and all persons assessed are respectfully requested to govern themselves accordingly.

A. A. WING,
July 3—sn Collector.

An Effectual Worm Medicine.

BROWN'S VERMIFUGE COMFITS,

Or Worm Lozenges. Much sickness, undoubtedly, with children and adults, attributed to other causes, is occasioned by worms. The "VERMIFUGE COMFITS," although effectual in destroying worms, can do no possible injury to the most delicate child.—The valuable combination has been successfully used by physicians, and found to be safe and sure in eradicating worms, so hurtful to children.

CHILDREN HAVING WORMS require immediate attention, as neglect of the trouble often causes protracted sickness.

SYMPTOMS OF WORMS IN CHILDREN are often overlooked. Worms in the stomach and bowels cause irritation, which can be removed only by the use of a sure remedy. The combination of ingredients used in making *Brown's "Vermifuge Comfits"* is such as to give the best possible effect with safety.

CURTIS & BROWN, Proprietors, New York.—Sold by all Dealers in Medicines, at 25 cts a box.
may 21—sn—d&wly

Those who have been subject to Nervous Headaches for years are restored to perfect health by one dose ("forty drops") of METCALF'S GREAT RHEUMATIC REMEDY. It never fails.

July14 1m

Healing the Sick BY THE LAYING ON OF HANDS.

Doctor G. W. KEITH, Practical Magnetic Physician, would respectfully announce to the citizens of Bangor and vicinity, that he has taken rooms at the "Nichols' House," where he will heal the sick for a few weeks.

All diseases will be treated by his new and successful mode of practice without the use of poisonous drugs, or painful surgery.

The suffering poor, who are really unable to pay, cheerfully treated without money and without price, on Wednesday of each week.

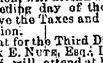
july6 3p—7tw

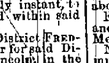
HAIR DYE! HAIR DYE!

BATCHELOR'S HAIR DYE is the best in the world. The only true and perfect Dye—Harmless—Instantaneous and Reliable—produces a splendid Black or Natural Brown—remedies the ill effects of Bad Dyes, and frequently restores the original color. Sold by all Druggists. The genuine is signed W. A. Batchelor, 81 Barclay street, New York.

may 25 sn d&w—2m

Piano Forte Tuning!





Read the following recommendation from CHICKERING & SONS, Boston, Mass.

To all whom it may Concern:—

This is to certify that I have this day graduated my faithful scholar E. Q. NORTON, in the full course of Piano Forte Tuning; and now needing encouragement from his friends to advance him still further, I willingly graduate and recommend him to all holders and owners of Pianos, as fully understanding the art, (of which it is,) knowing he will be faithful to me, his teacher, as well as to himself.

L. H. JOHNSON.

Boston, June 12, 1866 with Chickering & Sons.

All orders left at the store of CHARLES HALE, 24 Main Street, for Tuning, Regulating, Repairing or Toning, will be promptly attended to and perfect satisfaction guaranteed in every case. (Residence, 79 Broadway.)

Orders from the country promptly attended to.

E. Q. Norton.

July 7, 1866. sndtf—wlm

E. L. APPLETON,

Teacher of Music, and Instructor of VIOLIN, VIOLONCELLO, GUITAR and all Stringed Instruments,

June 25—sn1m 74 Main St.—Room 9.

HOOP SKIRTS,

IN ALL STYLES,

FROM THE BROADWAY TRAIL,

TO THE

SMALLEST QUAKER,

At TENNEY'S,

July 10—sntf No. 2 Gothic Block.

Dr. Samuel Bradbury

Has removed his office to his residence at the corner of

Upper Stillwater Road and Church Street, Oldtown, June 7th, 1866. tu

Pictures AT REDUCED PRICES,

AND OF SUPERIOR QUALITY!

Ferreotypes 25 cts per Dozen,

HIGHLY FINISHED.

PHOTOGRAPHS taken in the highest style of art, and finished in oil, water colors, or India ink.

PORCELAIN or ALBATYPE PICTURES executed with or without colors, and warranted satisfactory.

CARTE DE VISITE, all styles, and in a superior manner, colored or plain, to suite the taste of customers.

AMBROTYPES of all kinds and sizes as heretofore.

Superior facilities for copying, and no pains spared to render all work in this department satisfactory, at the old, popular, and well known MARSTON ROOMS, Bowman's Block, two doors from the Whig and Courier Office, where I shall be happy to receive all my own patrons who have known me and patronized my present establishment.

The public generally are hereby thanked for former liberal patronage, and are cordially invited to examine my present position for serving them in all the departments of first class picture making, as above. My rooms have of late been enlarged, and now are the most spacious and convenient in the State.

Constantly on hand a large and full supply of Chemicals, Card Cases, and Stock generally, for supplying Operators at the lowest prices.

M. G. TRASK,

No. 3 Bowman's Block,
Bangor, Me.
may 24—sn

FREDERIC C. JONES,

TEACHER OF THE PIANO FORTE,

Address P. O. Box 358, or care of Messrs. DUREN & SON, Hammond Street.
june 29—sn6w

CLOTHING!

J. R. CHAPMAN has just received at No. 6 Strickland's Building, another big stock of CUSTOM MADE CLOTHING, Hats and Caps, Oil and Rubber Clothing, Trunks, Valises, Bags, &c., &c., which he is selling very cheap. Call and see. m25—sntf

WAR CLAIMS,

OF EVERY DESCRIPTION.

Promptly collected on the most liberal terms,

By Perkins & Smith,

Office—22 West End Kenduskeag Bridge,
BANGOR, MAINE.

NATHAN L. PERKINS, DANIEL SMITH, JR.

NATHAN L. PERKINS,

ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
may 31—sn

Office as above.

I OFFER MY HOUSE, NO. 27 FIFTH ST. for sale. It may be examined from 9 to 12 o'clock, A. M., and from 2 to 5 o'clock, P. M.

E. W. ELDER.
Bangor, May 28, 1866.—sn

Sanford's Independent Line

FOR BOSTON AND LOWELL,

Arrangement for the Season of 1866.

The Steamer KATAHDIN, Capt. P. P. JOHNSON, will leave Bangor for Boston every MONDAY, and THURSDAY forenoon, at 11 o'clock, touching at all the usual landings on the River and Bay.

RETURNING,

Leaves Foster's Wharf, Boston, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY, at 5½ o'clock, P. M., touching as above.

FARE—From Bangor, Hampden, Winterport and Bucksport to Boston, $4 00; to Lowell $5 00. Meals extra.

No extra Hazardous freight taken. All freight must be accompanied by a bill of lading in duplicate.

LOOMIS TAYLOR, Agent
Bangor, April 5, 1866. d&w

ITCH! ITCH! ITCH

SCRATCH! SCRATCH! SCRATCH!

Wheaton's Ointment

Will Cure the Itch in 48 Hours.

Also cures SALT RHEUM, ULCERS, CHILBLAINS, and all ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN.—Price 50 cents. For sale by all druggists.

By sending 60 cents to WEEKS & POTTER, Sole Agents, 170 Washington street, Boston, it will be forwarded by mail, free of postage, to any part of the United States. oct 26—sn d&wly

USEFUL AND IMPORTANT!

CATLIN & FREESE'S

Improved Fire and Water Proof

CEMENT!

The best article ever invented for mending Broken Glass, China, Crockery Ware, &c.

B. F. BRADBURY,
Wholesale and Retail Agent.

And for sale by Dealers generally.
June 11—sn3taw—3m

Preserve Your Health.

DR. LANGLEY'S

ROOT and HERB BITTERS,

Are a sure remedy for Liver Complaint, in all its forms, Humors of the Blood and Skin, Scrofula, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Indigestion, Jaundice, Headache and Bilious Diseases, General Debility &c. They cleanse the system, regulate the bowels, restore the appetite, purify the blood, strengthen the body and thoroughly prepare it to resist diseases of all kinds.

Sold by GEO. O GOODWIN & CO., 33 Hanover street, and by all dealers in Medicines. june6—sn1m

Cholera! Cholera!

Prof. Bouve's Atmospheric Purifier.

This article has been extensively used as a Deodorizing Agent by the governments of Egypt, Turkey and France, during the late Cholera epidemic, and is the most perfect disinfectant extant. It effectually destroys all noxious gases and effluvia arising from decaying animal or vegetable matter, and for purifying Hospitals, Vaults, Drains, Cess-pools, &c., cannot be surpassed.

For sale by all Druggists WEEKS & POTTER, 170 Washington street, Boston, General Agents.
may 11—sn2m

Dr. Blaisdell's Office, 2½ HARLOW'S BLOCK,

RESIDENCE—69 ESSEX STREET.
OFFICE HOURS FROM 2 TO 5 P. M. mch 2 sn

DR. BICKNELL'S SYRUP!

The Great Cholera Remedy,

Also, *Dysentery, Diarrhœa, Cholera Morbus, Summer Complaints, Pain* or *Cramp* in *Stomach* or *Bowels, Sick* or *Sour Stomach, Painter's Colic, &c.*, and is warranted to CURE or no pay. Its purely vegetable, without a particle of *opiate* or narcotic. Highly aromatic, very pleasant to the taste, mild, but sure in its effects, warms and strengthens the system, acts like a charm, affording almost immediate relief, and a trial of the article will satisfy the most incredulous of these facts. Sold by all dealers in medicine. Please send for circular. Try it. Prepared only by EDWARD SUTTON, Providence, R. I. DEMAS BARNES & CO., of New York, General Agents. For sale by B. F. BRADBURY Bangor. may 11—sn6md

New and Wonderful!

SWEET OPOPONAX!

SWEET OPOPONAX!

SWEET OPOPONAX

SThis New and Delicious Perfume, made of the sweet Opoponax of Mexico, is now for sale in this city at the

Bangor Botanic Drug Store,

june 20—sn 3taw—2m No. 1 Granite Block.

Startling Announcement

Save Your Hair and Preserve Your Beauty.

Why should you lose them when *Peases' Vegetable Hair Renewer* can be applied and save both? If your hair is faded and gray it will restore it perfectly natural. It will prevent its falling off and promote a new growth. It cleanses the head, cures diseases of the scalp. It cures extreme cases of sick head-ache. It is the best coloring and dressing combined in the land. No dirt, no smell of sulphur, which is so offensive to yourself and friends. Ask for Pease's, and take no other. Sole agency at the *Bangor Botanic Drug Store.* The trade supplied at lowest terms. June 21—sn 6m

THOMAS J. STEWART,

Shipping and Commission Merchant and Ship Broker,

Office, No. 1 Mercantile Square.
june8 '63.

MUSICAL.

MR. JOHN HOYT,

Teacher of Piano, Harmony, and Cultivation of the Voice.

Orders left at Horton & Crommett's Music Store or at the Bangor House. Pupils in either of the above branches may be assured that they will be taught the latest and most approved methods.

References—Mr. John W. Tufts, Profs. E. P. Walker, C. W. Adams, Boston, Mass.
nov2

MARRIED

At Newport, July 4th, by the Rev. Wm. S. Howe, Mr. Aaron Osburn and Mrs. Sarah A. Prisy, both of North Newport.

In Hampden, July 15th, by Rev. J. Dutcan, Mr. William Purinton and Miss Clara Batersnall.

MARINE JOURNAL.

PORT OF BANGOR.

ARRIVED.

SUNDAY, July 15th

Brig Nimrod, Brimhall, Prospect.
Schs Wilmington, Marble, and P H Colson, Roberts, New York.
Sch M A Hayard, Donald, New Bedford.
Schs Cid Eddy, Coombs; J P Merriam, Clark; Elizabeth Perkins; Henrietta, Rankin; Mary Lou, Colliss; Colliss' Abed, Eullum; Victory, Collamore; Brutus, Hodges; Wathbman, Grindle, and L W Bridsell, Tribbly, Boston.
Schs Daysetting, Davis, and Yankee, Saunders, Lynn.
Schs Yankie, Frisbie; Leanora, Spofford, and C C Farnsworth, Gray, Ipswich.
Schs Unico, Williams, and Franeis, Amee, Portsmouth.
Sch E Oakes, Johnson, Freeport.

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Schs Daysetting, Davis, and Yankee, Saunders, Lynn.
Schs Yankie, Frisbie; Leanora, Spofford, and C C Farnsworth, Gray, Ipswich.
Schs Unico, Williams, and Franeis, Amee, Portsmouth.
Sch E Oakes, Johnson, Freeport.

Granite Yard,

ON WHARF Just below the Ferry Way, in Brewer. All kinds of work in the line of Fences, Underpinning &c., done in a workmanlike manner and at fair prices.

H. SNOW.
July 17—w*

BARGAINS

—IN—

Bleached Cottons

We have just received from the Factory Five Cases (4,500 Yards of

BLEACHED COTTONS,

of all widths and qualities, from 7-8 to 2 3-4, including one or two kinds of superior quality, never seen in this market, which were slightly damaged in bleaching, and which we shall offer, at wholesale and retail, at less than agents' prices.

Stickney & Roberts,

july17 3 MAIN STREET.

Don't Know Where It Is?

FOREST HILL.

TWENTY or thirty minutes' walk on Broadway will bring you to the delightful spot, where, on the last Fourth of July, a multitude of great and little folks partook of its pleasures.

The shady grove, the cooling fountains, bowling alleys, sylvan towers, swings, dancing floors and music, (of the not intoxicating kind,) rendered it a delightful place for those who would spend a few hours in grateful relaxation.

Come then, all ye pleasure-seekers, on Thursday next, and the undersigned will be happy to minister to your enjoyment.

It is said the people do not know where Forest Hill is. Go up Broadway or Centre street one and a half miles, inquiring for the subscriber, on next Thursday, or any other day, and you will be sure to find it with all the accompaniments—and the subscriber, also.

The Grounds will be open every day, except Sundays during the season, for private parties, pic-nics, &c.

Admittance 15 cents. Passage on Railway and returning, ten cents. B. F. ADAMS.
july14

$325,00

Horse, Shifting Top Buggy and Harness,

TIP-TOP PRIVATE TEAM, SOLD FOR NO FAULT—the owner having no further use.

W. H. PRESCOTT,
July 13—3w Kenduskeag Bridge.

"WHY NOT?"

A BOOK FOR EVERY WOMAN: by Dr. Storer. A new lot received by
July 16 J. W. BARTLETT.

VERY NICE

English Stationery!

A FINE ASSORTMENT just arrived at
July16 BARTLETT'S.

Hair Preparations!

CLUCKS RESTORER,

Hall's, Tobbets', Harretts, Rings, Knowles' Peases',

Webster's, Gioffray's, Todd's, Mrs. Allen's, Mrs. Wilson's, Prof. Wood's, French's and very many others.

All of which will be sold at wholesale at manufacturer's prices. Be sure and call on the real agent.

B. F. BRADBURY.
June 21

The Late War.

FOUR YEARS IN THE SADDLE, by Col. Harry Gilmore; Narrative by Andersonville, drawn from the trial of Wirz, by Spencer; The Prison Life of Jefferson Davis, by Dr. Craven; Carlton's Four Years of Fighting, with other books published previously. For sale by July9 E. F. DUREN.

WANTED,

A BUSINESS PARTNER, to take charge of a splendid paying business, in the city of Bangor. Capital of $500 required. Good reference given and required.

Please address J. H. NASON, 81 Washington-st. Room No. 17, Boston, Mass.
July 6 6t.

House for Sale.

A convenient tenement, in good repair, nearly new, with L-ge lot—located on corner of Elm street and Stillwater Avenue, will be sold at a bargain if applied for soon.

S. F. QUIMBY
july16

NEWARK

Hydraulic Cement!

660 BARRELS fresh ground Newark Cement, now landing from sch. G. W. Glover, and for sale by S. H. DALE & CO.
July 16 1m

New Law!

Pension of Widows Increased

$2 per Month for each child of deceased husband, under sixteen years of age. Call on

B. H. MACE,

Claim Agent—Office No. 4 Wheelwright & Clark's Block, Bangor, Me.

See his other advertisement.
July 16, 1866.

Flour and Pork.

1000 BBLS. EXTRA STATE, Extra and Double Extra Western FLOUR.

200 Bbls, Choice St. Louis Double Extra FLOUR.

50 Bbls. Boston Clear PORK—just received and for sale low by

Geo. W. Ladd & Co.,

July11 No. 6 BROAD STREET.

BATHING SPONGES,

AND OTHER KINDS,

At Harlow's,

4 *SMITH'S BLOCK.*

TOILET SOAPS.

FRENCH, ENGLISH, and AMERICAN,

IN GREAT VARIETY,

At Harlow's,

4 *SMITH'S BLOCK.*

MAGNOLIA WATER!

FLORIDA WATER, Cologne Water, Verbena Water, Lubin's and other Lavender Waters, Glycerine Lotion, Orange Flower Water, Toilet Vinegars, Perfumes of all kinds, at

HARLOW'S
4 Smith's Block.

AUCTION!

By J. E. Foster & Co.

SALES ROOM No. 44 West Market Square.

By J. E. FOSTER & CO.

Genteel and Convenient Dwelling House.

THE property owned and occupied by Louis R. Reynolds, on Court, is

TELEGRAPHIC
TO THE

Whig & Co'rier.

News from Washington

Veto of the Free men's Bureau Bill.

The President's Reasons for the Act.

THE BILL PASSES BOTH HOUSES BY A TWO-THIRDS VOTE.

IMPORTANT FINANCIAL STATEMENTS.

The State Banks Will not be Taxed 10 Per Cent Until August.

WASHINGTON, July 16.

The President, this afternoon, returned to the House with his objections, the bill to continue in force, for two years, the freedman's bureau.

He is convinced that the legislation which it proposes would not be consistent with the welfare of the country, and that it falls clearly within the reasons assigned in his veto of a similar measure in February last.

WASHINGTON, July 16.

The President in his message returning to the House with his objections to its becoming a law, the Freedmen's Bureau bill, says he reaffirms the position taken in his former veto of Freedmen's Bureau bills. He adds that such bill can only be passed under the war making power. He can see no necessity for this kind of legislation, and especially that portion of the bill which requires continuance of military courts. He opposed the bill also on the ground of economy, and claims that civil courts are open to freedmen.

WASHINGTON, July 16.

The British Minister has officially informed our government that the Prince Edward Island government has adopted the license system of the other provinces; consequently the licenses issued by either Canada, Nova Scotia, New Brunswick or Prince Edward's Island, now entitles the possessor to fish in the waters of all these colonies.

The Commissioner of Internal Revenue has decided that the tax of 10 per cent on the notes of the State Banks paid out after July 1st, 1866, although not actually repealed, will not be collected for the current month, as the act does not provide for the manner of its payment, and as it was undoubtedly the intention of Congress that it should not take effect until August.

The report made to the House to-day from the Banking Committee on the condition of the National Banks, shows that the matter of the Merchants National Bank was a stupendous fraud. The only other loss of the public money was on the failure of the Venango National Bank of Franklin, which was managed for the benefit of Oliver, Penn & Co., whose failure necessarily involved that of the bank. The committee refer to the irregularities of some of the National Banks in still circulating their State Bank notes. The National Banks in Springfield, Mass., is represented to have an arrangement with an officer in a Boston bank to receive their State issues, and put it in circulation again by loaning it.

Some of the National Banks, Providence, continue to loan their State issue. It is quite a common practice in New Jersey and the interior of New York for the National banks to pay out their State bank issue.—Some of the National banks do not legitimate banking business, but appear to be organized simply for the benefit of circulation and these banks are mostly owned by brokers and private bankers. The committee cite instances of this character in Michigan.

The committee are satisfied that the present law does not confer power to prevent many of these abuses, and report a bill to amend the national currency act, which provides remedies for the defects of the existing laws; and gives the comptroller of the currency more power to restrain the banks he knows are improperly managed.

The committee recommend legal proceedings to punish the guilty parties to the fraud in the Merchants National Bank of Washington, for the recovery of the public money lost by that Bank.

The Freedmen's Bureau commission in Arkansas, Missouri and the Indian Territory, estimate that 16,000 rations to whites, and 15,000 to freedmen, will be necessary during August.

WASHINGTON, July 16.

The following is the amount of the public funds in various United States Depositories on the 1st of May last, as officially furnished by the Commissioner on Banking and Currency.

In the United States Treasury and Sub-Treasuries,	$193,827,578
In National Banks,	46,765,591
Total,	$240,593,169
Of the above there was to the credit of the United States Treasury,	$192,077,999
To Disbursing Officers,	48,515,170
Total,	$240,593,169

This was distributed as follows:

IN THE TREASURY.	
To the credit of the Treasurer,	$163,572,640
To the credit of Disbursing officers,	30,254,931
Total,	$193,827,578
IN NATIONAL BANKS.	
To the credit of the Treasurer,	$28,605,352
To the credit of Disbursing Officers,	18,260,239
Total,	$46,765,591

NEW YORK, July 16.

Steamer Atlantic, from Bremen, arrived to-day. She has one thousand and twenty passengers.

RICHMOND, Va., July 16.

Cheney, the negro convicted by a military commission of the murder of a white in Rockbridge county, in October last, was hung to-day.

COLUMBUS, July 16.

The Ohio Democratic State Executive Committee to-day appointed W. Allen, G. H. Pendleton, Geo. W. Morgan and M. C. Willett delegates at large to the Philadelphia Convention.

OMAHA, Nebraska, July 16.

Steamer Lillie Martin, from Fort Benton, July 1st, arrived to-day with full load of passengers and 4500 ounces of gold dust. The government fleet was three hundred miles above Fort Union.

HILLSBORO BRIDGE, July 16.

The American Telegraph Company to-day completed their lines to and opened an office in this village.

PHILADELPHIA, July 16.

Capt. Henry S. Stillwager, of the U S Navy, died yesterday afternoon at Cape Island.

NEW YORK, July 14.

The Commercial says:—

The stock market moves very steadily upward. Speculation is vigorous. 5-20s are active. The demand for shipment causing an advance to 107¾ a 107⅞.

Government bonds better.

Gold at 149¾.

There is little doing in exchange. No sales of importance.

NEW YORK, July 16.

No cases of cholera are reported by the board of health to-day, though the police say there have been several cases.

There were 820 deaths from all causes last week, being an increase of over 100 per cent in five weeks.

ALBANY, July 16.

The thermometer in the shade to-day stood at 100°. It has been the hottest day since 1847.

CHICAGO, June 16.

The following despatch was telegraphed to the President to-day—

Omaha, July 16.

Satisfactory treaties of peace have been concluded with the Upper Platte, Sioux and Cheyennes Indians, at Fort Laramie. Contradictory reports without foundation.

[Signed] E. B. TAYLOR,
R. N. McLEAN,
THOS. WESLAR,
U S Commissioners.

RICHMOD, July 16.

The leading politicians of the Breckinridge, Bell and Douglas parties of 1860 met to-day, and discussed briefly the character and probable effect of the Philadelphia convention, and appointed a committee of five to report business for an adjourned meeting next Wednesday.

NEW YORK, July 16.

District Attorney Morris of Kings county has issued a warrant for the arrest of the editors of the Sunday Mercury. An officer today could not find either the editors or proprietors.

Two cholera cases and three cases of sunstroke were reported to-day.

Lt. Gen. Grant and staff are at the Metropolitan hotel.

The association of billiard champions voted to hold their first annual meeting in this city in September.

SAN FRANCISCO, July 15.

A severe shock of an earthquake was felt at Sacramento and Stockton last night.

CHICAGO, July 16.

A fire to-day destroyed all the frame buildings on State Street, south of Polk St. for half a block, and south of Beck court the same distance. Thirty frame buildings occupied as stores and saloons below, and tenements above were consumed. Two hundred and fifty families are homeless. Loss $100,000.

CHICAGO, July 14.

Flour quiet.

Wheat dull.—No. 1 1,52 a 1,62. No. 2, 95 a 1,00.

Corn lower at 53¾@54½ for No 1, and 52 a 52½ for No. 2.

Oats quiet at 28½ a 20 for No. 3, and 28 for No. 2.

Freights steady.

Receipts—5,000 bbls. flour; 75,000 bush. wheat, 184,000 bushels corn, 139,000 bush. oats.

Shipments—2,300 bbls flour, 6,000 bush. wheat; 259,000 bush. corn, and 113,000 bush. oats.

MILWAUKIE, July 16.

Flour dull.

Wheat declined 10 cts.—sales at 1,50 for No. 1.

Corn declined 2c—sales at 56.

Oats declined 2c—sales at 36c.

Receipts—300 bbls flour; 34,000 bush wheat; 9,000 bush corn; 19,000 bushels oats.

Shipments—23,000 bbls flour; 7,000 bush wheat; 80,000 bushels oats.

NEW YORK, July 16.

Second Board. Stocks weak. American gold 149.

U S 5-20s of 1862, 107¾.
do. 1865, 105¾.
U S 7 3-10s 104¾.

New York Markets.

NEW YORK, July 16.

Cotton firm—sales 2000 bales—Middling 36 a 38c.

Flour—State and western 10 @ 30 lower sales 4,400 barrels—State 6,10@10,00; round hoop Ohio 8,30@13,10; Western 6,00@9,50. Southern—sales 650 bbls. at 9,75 a 16,00.—Canada 30c lower—sales 250 barrels at 8,70 a 13,20.

Wheat is dull—sales 8,00 bush.—fine new Milwaukee held at 2,20.

Corn 2c lower—sales 120,000 bush—mixed western 83½@84.

Oats dull and drooping—sales 27,000 bush Chicago 50 a 52.

Beef steady—sales 400 barrels.

Pork lower—sales 3,800 bbls—new mess 31,50 a 31,75.

Lard is quiet—sales 300 bbls. at 18½ @20c per pound.

Rice heavy.

Sugars dull—sales 200 hhds. Muscovado 9½@11.

Coffee dull.

Molasses dull.

Naval stores dull.

Freights to Liverpool firm—corn per steam 5 5-16d.

Thirty-Ninth Congress.

FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, July 16.

SENATE.

Mr. Anthony introduced a bill to promote the efficiency of the civil service. It regulates appointments by providing that they shall be made upon examination and continue through good behavior. Referred to the judiciary committee.

The bill for the erection of a marine hospital at Tokahoma, Japan, was passed.

An evening session for to-morrow was ordered, to consider the bills from the committee on claims.

The joint resolution for the codification of the custom laws at a cost not to exceed $10,000 was passed.

The bill for the speedy completion of the Northern Pacific Railroad was taken up.

Mr Howard favored the Railroad.

Mr. Sherman opposed it.

Pending the discussion the announcement of the action of the House upon the Presidential veto of the Freedmen's Bureau bill was made by the Clerk of that body.

The Pacific Railroad bill was postponed and the veto message read. The question was then put, Shall the bill pass, the objections of the President notwithstanding?

A motion to postpone was disagreed to.

Mr. Hendrick spoke in opposition to the bill.

Mr Saulsbury lauded the President for his veto.

The vote was then taken, resulting—yeas 33, nays 12.

The chair announced that the bill having received a two thirds vote in both Houses, he (Mr. Foster) proclaimed it to be a law notwithstanding the objections of the President.

Adjourned.

HOUSE.

Various bills and joint resolutions were introduced and referred, including one to amend the homestead laws, and another ceding the public lands to States in which they be.

A joint resolution was passed for the appointment of a commission by the President to report to the next session of Congress upon the necessity of some more speedy, cheap and reliable means of transportation between the Western States and the Atlantic seaboard, and submit a plan therefor if found necessary. The commissioners to receive no compensation for travelling expenses.

The joint resolution granting the right of way 100 feet on each side of the track, thro' military reservations, was referred to the military committee.

A bill was introduced to legalize the occupation of public and mineral lands, and to extend the right of pre-emption.

A resolution was adopted, directing the committee on printing to inquire into the expediency of repealing so much of the act of June 20, 1864, as directs annual reports of the Postmaster General of offers received and contracts made for carrying the mails, not to be printed—and so much of the act of July 28, 1866, as requires such reports to be annually to Congress.

The bill exempting pensions from the internal revenue tax passed.

A resolution was offered and adopted, directing the Secretary of War to furnish the House with copies of the opinions given by the members of the so-called Confederate States to Jefferson Davis at or about the time of the negotiations preceding the surrender of Johnston to General Sherman, concerning the effect of such surrender on the political rights of the people then in rebellion against the United States, and any papers on the subject.

Mr Harding offered the following resolution, and moved the previous question:

Resolved, That the debts and obligations of the government should be held sacred, and especially such as have been solemnly recognized by law as just and their payment provided for by appropriation, and setting apart a fund for that purpose, and the repudiation of such debts, whether they be for partial compensation to loyal men for slaves taken and employed in the military service by the government, or for other property, should be discontinued and condemned by all loyal men and by every department of the government.

The House refused to second the previous question.

Mr Niblack moved to lay the resolution on the table. Carried—yeas 89, nays 82.

The Speaker presented executive communications as follows, from the Secretary of War, with the papers in the case of Dorrance at Wytet. Referred to the select committee on the subject.

From the same with a report of all brevet ranks conferred on officers of the regular army since April 12, 1861. Referred to the committee on military affairs.

From the Secretary of the Interior; with a report of the Commissioner General of the Land Office in reference to the public lands within certain limits of California. Referred to the committee on mines.

The Rosseau-Grinnell affair was taken up.

Mr. Hale argued that the provocation palliated the offence.

The veto message of the Freedmen's Bureau bill was now received and read.

On motion of Mr. Elliot the message was laid on the table and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Elliot gave notice that he should call it up to-morrow for action.

Mr. Lobland moved that 20,000 copies be printed, as it was a very good document and suggested that it would be better to take action upon it immediately.

Mr. Elliot said he had no objection;

Cries of "Now, now."

The vote laying the message on the table was reconsidered.

The Speaker then announced the question to be "shall this bill be passed notwithstanding the objections of the President?"

The vote was taken and resulted yeas 114, nays 33.

The Speaker announced that two-thirds having voted in the affirmative that the bill had again passed.

Demonstrations of pleasure followed.

Speaker Colfax voted nay.

The consideration of the Rousseau-Grinnell case resumed.

Mr. Wilson favored the expulsion of Mr. Rousseau.

After some debate, Mr Hale's amendment declaring it inexpedient to take further action was rejected.

A motion was made to substitute the resolution of the minority for the two first resolutions of the majority.

An amendment was suggested that the House do not excuse the act of Mr. Rousseau, but disapprove of the assault, although the provocation was great.

Mr. Raymond obtained the floor, when the subject was laid over until to-morrow.

A committee of conference was asked on the Senate amendments to the Indian appropriation bill.

A joint resolution relative to an ad valorem tax on cigars was introduced and laid over.

The thermometer in the Hall was 92°.

Adjourned.

We ask the attention of the Times and its readers to the letter of Mr. Speaker Colfax to his constituents, published in this paper. He sets forth the true doctrine of "restoration"—stating the rights and powers of Congress as we have understood and stated them and as three-fourths of the members of Congress understand them. Does our neighbor consider Speaker Colfax as one of the "few" radicals?

In a circular dated Tremont House, Boston, July 11, 1866, and addressed to the friends of Ireland in Boston and neighborhood, Head Centre Stephens made the following statement:—"I was this day arrested at the suit of P. A. Sinnot. His alleged claims are for 241 lectures, at $14 per lecture, and $300 for travelling expenses, board, &c. The friends of Ireland will know how to appreciate these claims."

Cabinet Changes.

WASHINGTON, July 15, 1866

No other cabinet resignations than those of Messrs. Dennison and Speed have yet been laid before the President. Mr. Harlan's has been written, but is withheld for the present by the earnest advice of his friends. A story prevails this evening that Mr. Seward will immediately withdraw, but it appears without foundation, except in one contingency,—an entire disruption of the cabinet. This event is not beyond the range of probabilities. No reason is known for supposing that the President desires a vacancy in the State, Treasury and Navy Departments, and if Messrs. Seward, McCulloch and Welles resign, it will be in order to force the resignations of Messrs. Harlan and Stanton. Whether the nomination of Ex-Governor Randall as Postmaster-General will be confirmed by the Senate is a question which causes some discussion. His well known policy is such as to render him as obnoxious to the majority of that body personally, perhaps, as any man whom the President could have appointed. The successor of Mr. Speed is not yet indicated, though the prevalent opinion is that Henry Stansbury is the coming man. A report is circulated in some State Department circles to the effect that General McCulloch has been invited home to succeed Mr. Stanton in the War Department.—Cor. of Boston Advertiser.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS.

—Among the constant succession of new implements and Yankee inventions of all kinds, a little household convenience, called the "Gem Pea Sheller," for sale by Mr. C. H. Dunning of this city, is as handy and effective as anything we have seen. It is intended to be screwed to the kitchen table, and by turning a small crank with one hand, and feeding in pods with the other, a small shower of peas is speedily got up and continued as long as the supply lasts. A child of six years old can run it.

—The new variety of currant bush, called La Versailles, recently introduced in this section, produces splendid fruit. Some that we have seen from the garden of Daniel Wheeler, Esq., almost rivals the English cherry in size and richness.

A NICE PLEASURE RESORT. During the hot months of summer those of our citizens who cannot flee to the country for a sojourn, have felt the lack of a place suitable to take their families for a day's recreation. This evil has been supplied completely by the arrangement of the FOREST HILL grounds for the public accommodation. The grove itself is beautiful and airy, even in the hottest days, and well supplied with cool water. The proprietor has fitted it up with an especial care for the young folks. There are many swings and small bowling alleys, a minature railroad running round the grounds furnished with a nice car, for the accommodation of those who want to ride. Then there are a floor for dancers, a refreshment room surmounted by a tower for the band, rustic seats scattered amongst the trees, a "crow's nest" in a tree top, several swinging hammocks, tables for pic nic parties, and all fitted up in unique style. It is a nice place upon every day, and should be patronized by our people. Next Thursday afternoon there will be a pic nic excursion to the grove, open to all who wish to go. The coaches will on that day carry passengers out for ten cents. The Bangor Cornet Band will attend, with music for dancing.

HORSE STEALING. On Thursday last, a lad named Royal, about nine years of age, whose home is in this city, stole a horse from Bradford Lord, of Levant, valued at $200, and rode him to a place about three miles from Bangor, when he swapped the horse with a sharper who had bantered him to do so. The boy brought the horse he had obtained to his father's in this city, where he was discovered by detective Walker. From the clue obtained, the detective pursued the sharper to South Atkinson, when he overtook him with the stolen horse. The sharper had made a good bargain with the boy; the horse being worth double the one he had exchanged for him. The boy will probably be sent to the Reform School; and the sharper will be punished as the law provides.

—In Police Court, yesterday, Daniel Golden, was convicted of illegal sale of intoxicating liquors, and fined $10 and costs. Appealed.

Mark Scott, of Woodville, was examined on Thursday for stealing a watch from a citizen of the town of Palermo, and bound over in the sum of $200. Committed.

EXCURSION. The two Methodist Societies of this city will make an excursion to-day down the river on the barge Fairy of the Wave, leaving Bangor at 7 1-2 o'clock A. M.

The First and Second Congregational Societies will make an excursion to Fort Point on barge Fairy of the Wave on Thursday leaving at 7 1-2 o'clock A. M.

—By the premature discharge of a gun in firing a salute on the Fourth, at Searsport, Mr. William Clifford was severely and several others slightly wounded, as we learn by a communication in the Belfast Age.

—The Brunswick Telegraph man saw a splendid white-headed eagle the other day, in possession of Capt. L. J. Joyce. He was caught at New Meadows. The captain found him on the ground in the thick underbrush, and nabbed him by throwing branches over him.

—Mr. S. Berry, the accommodating News Reporter, at Portland, still lives. We acknowledge renewed favors in the shape of Liverpool papers by the late steamers.

—Messrs. Stanwood & Tower have just completed a fine new paper mill at Gardiner 110x55, running six engines and fitted up with the latest and best machinery for manufacturing hanging wrappers and wrapping paper from wood and gunney. The mill be in full operation by the 1st of August.

—The subscription in St. Stephens, in aid of the sufferers by the Portland fire, has reached the amount of $1000. In Calais, $2000 have been collected already, which amount it is intended to increase to $2,500.

—Mr. C. Augustus Farmer, of West Waterville, while on a visit to North Wayne, was drowned recently while bathing.

The following acknowledgment has been handed us for publication:

CITY OF PORTLAND, MAYOR'S OFFICE,
July 9, 1866.

Eagle Engine Co. No. 3, Bangor:

Gentlemen:—I have great pleasure in acknowledging the receipt of two hundred dollars, a donation from your Company to the Fire Department of Portland, to aid those who have suffered by the late fire.

Yours,
Augustus O. Stevens, Mayor.
Per J. T. Hall, Clerk.

—During the shower of Sunday night, a barn belonging to Mr. Henry Hamlin was struck by lightning and a cow killed, belonging to Mr. Franklin Bates.

COMMENCEMENT AT WATERVILLE. The graduating exercises of the senior class in Waterville College will take place on Wednesday, August 8th. The oration before the literary societies will be delivered on Tuesday evening by I. M. Manning, D. D., of Boston, and the Poem by S. F. Smith, D.D. of Newton. The exercises of class-day and the examinations for entrance will take place on Tuesday.

FATAL ACCIDENT. Isaiah Freeman, of Brunswick, a brakeman on the P. & K. R. R. was killed at Freeport, Saturday morning, by being run over by the mixed train from Brunswick to Portland. He attempted to climb on a car loaded with lumber, when he slipped and fell on the track, and the wheels passed over his head, crushing it into a shapeless mass. He was about forty-five years of age, and had been employed on the road ever since it went into operation. He leaves a wife and family.—[Press.

A correspondent says:

Congress once appropriated money for the relief of sufferers by fire at Alexandria, and at another time for the relief of sufferers by an earthquake at Caracoas, and there is now talk of following the precedent in aid of Portland.

During five years ending 1861, the carrying trade of New York amounted to sixteen hundred and forty-four millions of dollars, over one thousand millions of which was done under the American flag. In the four years which followed, out of the seventeen hundred millions of foreign trade of the city of New York, thirteen hundred millions was carried under foreign flags.

WASHINGTON, July 15.

The caucus last evening resulted in the passage of a resolution that Congress had better adjourn as soon as it closes up the needful legislation, and the 28d instant is named as the day on which it would be desirable to bring the session to a close, if possible. That the idea in remaining in constant session, or of keeping the Senate here, or of coming together again in September, never had near as much strength as was predicted to it by the President's special friends, is evident enough from the fact that it could control only forty votes out of the united union strength of the two houses.

The injunction of secrecy was removed from the entire proceedings in order that members in general, and Mr. Raymond in particular, may have an opportunity to deny or correct the false, garbled, absurd, or purely imaginative reports made of their speeches in the former session. Mr Raymond has special cause, undoubtedly, for complaint in this regard, as, according to trustworthy accounts, the remarks about the Philadelphia convention which certain New York papers put into his mouth were grossly incorrect. What he actually did say will probably appear in the columns of his own for the benefit of whom it may concern.

The attendance at the caucus was small a private conference having settled that the continuous session scheme was too weak to prevail. Nevertheless, Mr Srevens and one or two others urged it with vigor and earnestness. They were replied to by Senator Sher. E. B. Washburn and others, who urged that the union cause could be no well furthered by showing the people to what deplorable results the President's policy tended. Mr Sherman was particularly forcible in his language, and plainly said that as things now stand no republican can accept office at the hands of the administration.

Whether the recommendation for an adjournment on Monday of next week can be carried into effect may well be doubted.—The Bankrupt bill is set for to-morrow in the Senate, but it will be put over to the next session. The bill for the equalization of soldiers' and sailors' bounties is set for Tuesday in the same body, but there is such a marked difference of opinion on this question between the two houses that the measure will also go over, in the hope that the judgment of the country on the matter will be so clearly expressed during the next six months that the bill can then be matured without difficulty. The Northern Pacific Railroad bill will also be postponed. The Memphis riot and Merchants National Bank and Jeff. Davis, and treasury investigating, and Fenian question committees, have yet to make their reports, but probably none of them will necessitate legislation. The bill to protect the revenues, the bill amending the National Bank act, the Deficiency bill and the Tennessee enabling or admission act, remain to be acted on in both houses.—[Special to Boston Adv.

BARRETT'S

THE

Is creating a sensation among the friends of those who have had their gray hair restored to its youthful color, and those whose bald heads have been covered with a luxuriant growth of hair. It so changed and improves their looks that intimate acquaintances scarcely recognize each other. For sale by druggists, of whom circulars can be obtained containing testimony to prove what we have intimated.

Home Proof.

MR. BARRETT:

DEAR SIR,—Having used a bottle of your "VEGETABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE" after having tried many other kinds without success, I am happy to record it as the most valuable Hair Preparation in the world, and do myself sincerely and cheerfully recommend it to the public as such.

Yours, &c., JOHN FRANKLIN,
No. 8 Tremont street, Boston.

Testimony from Abroad.

Messrs. J. R. BARRETT & Co.:

I was induced by a friend to make a trial of BARRETT'S VEGETABLE HAIR RESTORATIVE, and I am very much pleased with the effect it has had on my hair. I was nearly half gray, and now, before using one bottle, my head is freed from dandruff, and my hair has all the appearance of youth. I fully believe BARRETT'S to be the best Hair Preparation in the world. WM. HAMILTON.
Fredonia, N. Y., April 26, 1866.

J. R. BARRETT & CO.,
Proprietors,
Manchester, N. H.

M. S. BURR & CO.,
GENERAL AGENTS,
29 TREMONT STREET, BOSTON.
To whom all orders should be addressed.

B. F. BRADBURY,
may 23 3taw—6m* Agent, Bangor.

Some Folks Can't Sleep Nights!

GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO., M. S. BURR & CO and WEEKS & POTTER, Wholesale Druggists, Boston, and DEMAS BARNES & CO., Wholesale Druggists New York,

Are now prepared to supply Hospitals, Physicians and the trade, with the standard and invaluable remedy,

DODD'S NERVINE,

This article surpasses all known preparations for the Cure of all forms of

Nervousness.

It is rapidly superceding all preparations of Opium and Valerian—the well-known result of which is to produce Costiveness and other serious difficulties—as it always Irritation, Restlessness and Spasms, and induces regular action of the bowels and secretive organs.

No preparation for Nervous Diseases ever sold so readily, or met with such universal approval. For Fits, Sleeplessness, Loss of energy, Peculiar Female Weaknesses and Irregularities, and all the dreadful mental and bodily symptoms that follow in the train of nervous diseases, Dodd's Nervine is the best remedy known to science. Sold by all Druggists.—Price $1.

H. B. STORER & CO., Proprietors.
mch 5—6m d & w 75 Fulton Street, New York.

The Place to Get

GOOD SIGNS

Of every description, *CHEAP*, at

MARSTON & SON'S,
127 EXCHANGE STREET.
3taw

J. P. BASS
HAS TAKEN THE AGENCY OF

Barrett's Dye House,

The Best in this Country.

ALL KINDS OF GOODS CLEANSED and COLORED. Kid Gloves Cleansed and Colored.

☞ Customers leaving Goods to be colored will only be charged the regular Boston rates.

april 25—tf

Copartnership Notice.

THE undersigned have this day formed a Copartnership under the style and firm of

HILLS & BAKER,

for the purpose of carrying on the

BOOT, SHOE, HAT & CAP BUSINESS,

At the old stand recently occupied by Wm. MARGESSON, Esq., West end Kenduskeag Bridge.

S. R. HILLS,
Bangor, May 1st, 1866. A. P. BAKER.

Having purchased the Boot and Shoe Stock of WM. MARGESSON, consisting of a general assortment of

Mens' and Womens' Custom Work,

Nearly all of which was manufactured by Mr. Margesson, we have added an extensive and carefully selected stock of

LADIES' MISSES' & CHILDRENS'

BOOTS and SHOES,

From the best manufacturers in New England.

Also, a fine assortment of

HATS AND CAPS

OF THE LATEST STYLES,

All of which are fresh and new. We shall continue the Boot and Shoe, together with the Hat and Cap business; also,

Custom Work and Repairing

done to order and at short notice.

Particular attention given to repairing, as we have one of the BEST workmen in that department in the city. We would say to all old customers that we shall continue to keep a large stock of Mr. Margesson's CUSTOM BOOTS and SHOES, which we shall sell at the lowest prices.

MR. HILLS having had long experience in the business—the past four years of which has been in the employ of Mess. Thos. Horsey, of this city, feels confident that he can serve satisfactorily all who may favor him with a call.

We would solicit a continuance of old patronage, and invite all our friends and the public generally, to call and examine our stock before purchasing elsewhere.

HILLS & BAKER,
AT THE MARGESSON STAND,
West End Kenduskeag Bridge.
Bangor, July 4th, 1866. d3m—w6m

Cigars & Tobacco

40,000 CIGARS,

NAVY AND

Natural Leaf Tobacco,

At Wholesale at LOW PRICES,

Harris & Conner,
No. 53 West Market Square.

Choice Brands Flour!

Cole's F. F. F. G.,
Tiedman's,
Plant's,
and Brown Bros.

CHOICE OOLONG AND

JAPAN TEAS!

Harris & Conner,
No. 53 West Market Square.

PICKLES,

BY THE JAR OR GALLON.

SAUCES, SARDINES & CAN FRUITS,

Harris & Conner,
No. 53 West Market Square.

THE BEST ASSORTMENT OF

CHOICE FAMILY GROCERIES

Harris & Conner,
july 6—tf No. 53 West Market Square.

RUSSEL'S

UNION MOWER.

FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

RUSSEL'S SUPERIOR MOWER!

IT is pronounced by all who have witnessed it, in operation to be the most compact, most durable, and the cheapest MOWER ever manufactured, combining as it does, all the grand principles which constitute a PERFECT SINGLE MOWER. Its weight is balanced in the most approved manner, and is the lightest draft of any in use, being 25 lbs. lighter than any other machine.

☞ Call at Norombega Market and examine it before purchasing.

☞ I have a UNION MOWER for sale, which was used part of last season.

July 2 Eben French, AGENT.

FLOUR!

TIEDMAN'S, PLANT'S BROWN BROTHERS,

And other Choice Brands of

FLOUR,

—AT THE—

MUTUAL STORE.

june 21—1md

NOTICE.

THE Directors of the Mattawamkeag Log Driving Company, hereby give Public Notice, that they met this day (July 5th, A. D. 1866), agreeably to notice, and assessed on all logs driven out of the Mattawamkeag this season as follows:—

From the Gellerson Boom to the North Shore of Baskhegan, 50 cents per thousand feet, wood scale; from the North Shore of the Baskhegan to the North Shore of Hawkins' Brook, 46 cents per thousand feet wood scale; from the North Shore of Hawkins' Brook to the North Shore of Pitlock Stream, 44 cts. per thousand feet; from the North Shore of Pitlock Stream to the Oxbow Boom, 43 cents per thousand feet; from the Oxbow to the North Shore of Madgoodes Stream, 42 cents per thousand feet; from the North Shore of Madagoodes to the North Shore of Molunkus, 41 cents per thousand feet; from the North Shore of Molunkus to the North Shore of Mattadeunk stream, 38 cents per thousand feet, and from Mattadeunk North Shore to the mouth of Mattawamkeag to the Boom, thirty cents per thousand feet, all wood scale.

And we hereby give notice to all persons who own logs which have been driven this present year by the Mattawamkeag Log Driving Corporation, that they are requested to make immediate payment to the Clerk of said Corporation, at No. 72 Exchange Street, over the store of Robert Davis & Co.

CHAS. D. BRYANT, Clerk.
Bangor, July 5th, 1866. 1w

Paper Carpets,

JUST AS GOOD AS OIL CLOTH, and at half the cost, for sale by

D. BUGBEE & CO.
july 9

OPENING!

NEW GOODS

—AT—

Thompson & Hichborn's,

June 12 No. 40 Main Street.

Music.

FOR Piano Forte, Organ, Violin, Flute, and all other Instruments, received weekly by

E. F. DUREN
may 3

A Elegant assortment of FANS, both Silk and Linen; ALBUMS in new styles; French Note Paper, Envelopes, &c., just received by

CHAS. HIGHT
may 22

Tenement for Sale.

Corner of French and Garland Streets.—Enquire at 44 Exchange Street.
June 14 M. LINCOLN.

House for Sale.

A desirable House on Larkin St., belonging to Capt. E. P. Lansil—in good repair, with hard and soft water. Terms easy. Enquire of

CEO. LANSIL,
may 2 No. 1 Main Street.

HOTEL

FOR SALE OR RENT. Enquire of
may 17 S. H. BLAKE.

For Sale.

MY DWELLING HOUSE AND LOT, situated on Bower street, in Bangor. Apply to J. CHAMBERLAIN,
Office, corner of Hammond and Franklin Sts.
april 16—tf.

THROUGH TICKETS
TO THE

WEST!

$3.00 less than at any other office, via the

Grand Trunk Railway!

Also, Tickets by all principal Routes through Boston or New York, from Bangor, to the West, North and South West.

☞ For reliable information or tickets, call at the OLD ESTABLISHED TICKET OFFICE, 22 West Market Square.

jun 18, 1866 WM. FLOWERS, Eastern Agent.

Standard Time!

I DEG LEAVE TO INFORM the citizens of Bangor and vicinity that I have purchased at great expense, a

REGULATOR,

that has no superior in the country as an

Accurate Time-Keeper.

I have also just received a superior stock of ENGLISH, SWISS and AMERICAN

WATCHES,

In Gold and Silver Cases,

Which will be sold at the lowest prices.

Every Watch, will be warranted to give perfect satisfaction,

CLOCKS and FINE GOLD JEWELRY.

☞ Thanking the public for their liberal patronage during the past five years, I would say that all Watches left in my care, will be carefully repaired and warranted.

W. F. Weeks,

In Chas. Hight's Book Store,
NO 3 SMITH'S BLOCK.
June 26—1m

FOR SALE.

A TWO STORY DWELLING HOUSE in Brewer, within eight minutes walk of Bangor Post Office. A good location for any one doing business in the city.

Inquire at FARRINGTON BROTHERS' Store, West side Penobscot Square, Brewer, near the Bridge. June 2—2awtf

Fire Engine for Sale.

A SECOND HAND "RUNNEMAN" TUB, seven inch cylinder, in perfect order, built expressly for an independent Company, and is all together a splendid machine. Will be sold low, if applied for soon. For further particulars, and price, apply to

GEO. J. WALL,
june 29 on Steamer Hatahdin.

For Sale Cheap.

ONE EIGHT SECOND-HAND CARRYALL. Call at
WHITON & YEATON'S.
june 25—tf

NEW GOODS.

THIN HATS, GLOVES, HOSIERY, &C.,

Fine French Calf Boots and Shoes,

Made on "Palmer Last;"

Ladies' Nice Serge Boots,

A. T. HERSEY & CO'S.
june 29 20 Main Street.

WANTED!

5,000 lbs. Strawberries,
25,000 lbs. Raspberries,
10,000 lbs. Blackberries,

In large or small lots—clean picked, for which CASH WILL BE PAID.

EMERY & INGALLS.
Bangor, June 29th, 1866—6w

EBEN STEVENS,

MANUFACTURING

JEWELER & ENGRAVER,

No. 36 Hammond Street,

Opposite the Court House, - - Bangor, Me.

N. B. Repairing done with neatness and dispatch
june 14—tf

Fire Engine for Sale.

The well known small hand FIRE ENGINE "EAGLET," is for sale. This Machine was made by "Button," is very powerful for its size, having played 175 feet ahead through a three-fourths nozzle, is complete in all respects, with suction hose, pipes, nozzles, connections, for hose, &c., &c., all in good order. Its works are all made of composition metal, and therefore much more durable than cast iron arrangements.

The "Eaglet" would be very suitable for a small town, or manufacturing establishment. The Engine House is also for sale.

J. FENNO.
June 11

Flour!

150 BBLS. OF EXTRA STATE FLOUR, now arriving, and for sale by

CHAS. GEO. WILSON & CO.,
June 11 117 Exchange St.

The Best Assortment

OF

Choice Family Groceries,

TO BE FOUND IN THE STATE,

FOR SALE AT THE

MUTUAL STORE.

June 21—6md

Havana & Domestic

CIGARS!

AND

TOBACCO

OF ALL GRADES.

Chas. G. Wilson & Co.,

May 24 117 EXCHANGE ST.

A NEW STOCK

OF

Room Papers,

JUST OPENING AT

121 Exchange Street.

June 1

Slating.

NOTICE is hereby given to all persons wishing to have SLATING done, that we are prepared to do it AS WELL and AS CHEAP as any others. Our prices will be from one dollar to one dollar and fifty per square, according to size of slate.

Repairing done at the shortest notice.

All orders left at No. 15 Pine Street.

mch 24—d2w W. & C. E. DURGIN.

Hydraulic Cement.

500 BBLS. FRESH GROUND NEWARK CEMENT, now landing from the brig Isabella Jewett, and for sale by

JAMES B. FISKE,
may 18, No. 13 Broad Street.

Indelible Pencils.

COMBS, Hair Brushes, Tooth Brushes, Scissors Knives, &c., for sale by

CHAS. HIGHT.
July 4

NEWSPAPERARCHIVE®

Whig & Courier

A Midnight Apparition

O treacherous night!
Thou lend'st thy ready veil to every treason!
And teeming mischief thrives beneath thy shade.

Mr. Colebrook was dead. He was a rich man, yet a slight acquaintance with him would have convinced even a superficial observer that he was not a healthy man. He was misanthropic in his views, though he had the reputation in the street of being a very kind-hearted and benevolent man. Every day seemed to usher him into the midst of a new strife with the power of misery. Apparently, he was tired of life, and impatiently waited for the hour that had now come, and which would put him beyond the trials and woes of this sublunary existence.

And yet many could remember when he was a gay and cheerful person. Before his marriage with a poor but beautiful girl some seven years before his death, he had worn a sunny smile, and his life seemed to him a pleasant dream.

Though only thirty-five when he married, people said there was too much difference between his own age and that of his wife, who was, I believe, about twenty-two. She had been poor, and forced to content herself with but few of the gayeties of life; but now she was rich, and her indulgent husband gave her free access to his coffers. Wealth fostered pride, and Mrs. Colebrook became a leader of fashion—the gayest of the gay. Her beauty and influential position in society made her smile courted by the brilliant and dissolute. The house, when she was at home, was always filled with gay gallants and lovely ladies.

All the world could see this; and the next thing it saw, was, that Mr. Colebrook grew sad and melancholy; that his wife was cold to him, and there was little if any sympathy between them. The poor man had married badly, and the croakers all knew that it would be so.

Mr. Colebrook was dead. Whatever woes had weighed him down, he was—beyond their reach now. People said he had died of a broken heart; that the whirl of pleasure in his own house had been a hell to him; and that his gay wife had been the scorpion who stung him to death.

For my part, I pay but little attention to the busy tongue of gossip. I account all it says, whether good or bad, as mere slander. Whatever stories I had heard concerning Mrs. Colebrook—and I had heard many—passed in at one ear and out at the other.

'Mr. Mortal,' said a man at my door.

'That is my name.'

'Mr. Colebrook is dead; and Mrs. Colebrook wants you to come up to the house and lay him out.'

'Mr. Colebrook!' I exclaimed, for the intelligence was very unexpected to me, as well as to the whole city, when it was announced.

I heard that he was suffering from an attack of bilious cholic; but it had not been even rumored that he was dangerously ill.

'Yes, he is dead,' replied the man. 'Mrs. Colebrook wishes you to make haste.'

'I didn't know he was sick.

'He got very bad last night, and grew worse ever since, till twenty minutes ago, when he died.'

Mr. Colebrook's house was not five minutes' walk from home, and I hastened there to perform the offices for the dead. I was shown into the room where the corpse lay, just as death had doubtless work. The sufferer had apparently died in the greatest agony.

The bed-clothes still evidenced the struggle between the tyrant and his victim.

With the assistance of a man servant who had gone to my house, I laid him out and put the room in order.

I was about to depart when the man servant called me back.

'Mrs. Colebrook would like to see you,' he said, as he showed me to a parlor in front of the room in which the corpse lay.

She appeared to be in the deepest distress, and the family physician was still present, using his best efforts to reduce her to a state of calmness. He succeeded to some extent, and she spoke to me with tolerable self possession.

'You will make all the arrangements, Mr. Mortal,' said she.

'I will, madam.'

'Oh, it was terrible!' groaned she.

'Be calm, Mrs. Colebrook,' interposed Dr. Rowne.

'I cannot, Doctor, I feel as though I should become distracted.

'Nay, madam, control yourself,' said the Doctor, who was a young and very good looking man, took her hand and uttered some sentimental remark, which I have now forgotten.

'Will you watch with him?' she almost gasped, looking eagerly at me.

'Watch with him?' asked Dr. Rowne in surprise.

'Yes.'

'It is entirely unnecessary.'

'This corpse must have watchers,' she added, more calmly than she had yet spoken.

'There is no need of it, but—'

'I would not have him left alone for all the world,' she said, with a kind of convulsive shiver.

'No possible harm could befall him.'

'But it seems so neglectful to desert the body as soon as the spirit has fled.'

'It entirely a matter of choice,' I added. 'Couldn't you watch with him, Mr. Mortal?'

'If you particularly desire it.'

'I do; I could not bear to have his remains guarded by a mere servant. You will oblige me very much.'

I consented to the arrangement, and promised to return by nine o'clock in the evening.

After ordering the coffin for the deceased—for at that time they were not kept on hand to such an extent as they are now—and attending to my private affairs, I again repaired to the Colebrook mansion.

It was customary at the time of which I write for two persons to perform the service for which I was engaged, though watching was then going rapidly out of fashion, but as my business was with the dead, I was perfectly at home in the chamber of death, and was even better satisfied to be alone than with company. I had brought an interesting book from home, and Mrs. Colebrook had provided a repast for me in the dining room below, so that I looked forward to a very comfortable night. Throwing myself into a large rocking-chair which had been placed there for my use, I was soon engaged in the entertaining pages of my book. As soon as the clock struck I arose and examined the corpse, moistening the face with alcohol, and wiping away the purging at the mouth.

At eleven o'clock some one entered the house and came up stairs. They were the feet of a man, and I heard him enter a parlor adjoining the room of death. Though it seemed a rather singular circumstance that a man should enter the house at that time of night, I thought nothing more of it till I heard voices, engaged in earnest conversation. In a few minutes they grew louder and more distinct, and I recognized the voice of Dr. Rowne. Perhaps Mrs. Colebrook was sick and needed his assistance. But he spoke not in the tones of his profession. The other person spoke in a whisper, but the Doctor spoke in his natural voice, and seemed to be under no restraint.

The house was still as a tomb, and though I made no effort to hear what was said, the expression 'still three witnesses' thirty days' and others of a similar character, came distinctly to my ears. They aroused my curiosity. Who was this Dr. Rowne? Why was he there at this unseasonable hour.

Well, it was none of my business, and half a dozen times I determined not to concern myself about it. But it was in vain that I tried to fasten my mind upon the book again; it had lost the power to interest me. I glanced at a door which opened into the room where the speakers were. It would be mean to listen, and I would not do it. It was the month of May, and the weather was quite chilly. I had neglected to bring my extra clothing with me, and I began to feel uncomfortably cold. I rose and paced the room several minutes.

Both will,' came to my hearing, in the unguarded tones of Dr. Rowne.

I paused and looked at the door. Apparently the other person, who I doubted not was Mrs. Colebrook, was speaking, but I heard nothing. I threw myself into the chair and began to shiver with cold again. On the table lay a clean Marseilles quilt, which had been left there by a servant, and, in the absence of anything better, I unfolded it and threw it over my shoulders. It completely enveloped my body, and I felt quite comfortable again.

'Destroy the new will,' said Dr. Rowne, in a fearful whisper.

I dropped my book, for this looked like foul play. It occurred to me that Mr. Colebrook's poor relations would have to suffer for this midnight conference. I knew that he had an only sister, an invalid, who was dependent upon his bounty for subsistence, and my blood boiled with indignation, as I thought of what might be the result of this midnight interview.

I arose from my chair and went to the door. That the end will justify the means, I do not think is sound logic, but where a poor, suffering, dependent woman, was in danger of being cast upon a cold world, I was content to be blamed for the measure of cause dropping, if thereby I could prevent so foul a wrong.

Before I did it, I could but recall the reputed character of Mrs. Colebrook. Without believing much of the gossip that had been circulated concerning her, I could easily arrive at the conclusion that she had been the bane of her husband's happiness.

I had been personally acquainted with him who now lay cold in death before me, so that I was not obliged to guess at the facts in the case. My own observation, though I moved in an humbler sphere than she, was sufficient to assure me that all was not right. I placed my ear to the key-hole.

'When we are married—'

Hush, child Mrs. Colebrook.'

They spoke in whispers then, and I could distinguish nothing more. Need I have heard more?

Woman—angel or devil.

Was it she who had wept great tears in my presence, who had trembled in the agony of grief before, how calmly plotting with her paramour, bargaining away the affections which should have lingered like a weeping angel over the couch of him who was not yet buried out of sight? Who is she who had groaned in bitterness at her bereavement, now seeking to rob her sister and orphan of their bounty?

Oh! woman, false as fair! Yet she is not a woman—she is a demon.

The clock struck twelve, and I turned from my reflections to attend to the corpse. The alcohol which had been provided to wet the face was all used, and I needed a further supply. Taking the dish in my hand, I went to the door with the intention of calling Mrs. Colebrook for it.

First rapping on the door not to surprise them, I opened it and stepped into the room.

'I need a little more alcohol, Mrs. Colebrook,' I began.

She rose from her chair, and with one long and unearthly shriek, fell to the floor. Dr. Rowne's knees smote each other, and he shrank back to the farthest corner of the room.

'Who are you?' he gasped.

Of course I was very much surprised at this singular reception. Long familiarity with the dead had made me so indifferent to their dreads and fears which disturb many people, that I had little consideration for persons that I had little consideration for nervousness on this subject.

'Who are you?' groaned the doctor, his teeth chattering with terror.

Then it flashed upon my mind that the quilt which enveloped my body was the cause of the mischief. I was involuntarily personating the ghost of the deceased Mr. Colebrook, and I do not wonder that the guilty wife and wretched accomplice were terrified, when at midnight I stalked into the room.

I had pinned the counterpane around my neck, so that nothing could be seen of me but my face.

I was a ghostly spectre, coming—

"Knowest thou in that hour when conscience stings,"
—to curse her for the base treachery she was concocting. No wonder she fainted; no wonder even the doctor trembled.

I threw off the quilt, and told the doctor who I was.

'See what you have done,' said he, pointing to the prostrate lady.

'I heard some voices here, and I came for some alcohol.'

'Need you have come in that garb?'

'I had quite forgotten that I had the quilt on.'

'You have killed her, I believe,' he continued, bending over the prostrate form of Mrs. Colebrook.

We raised her up and placed her upon a lounge. She was not dead, and presently her eyes opened.

'Where is he?' gasped she shaking convulsively.

'Be calm!'

'He will haunt me all my days!'

'It was only Mr. Mortal.'

'It was he!' she shrieked, and then rolled her eyes glared upon me, and then rolled them back in her head. Heaven grant that I may never see such a hideous expression again. She was in a fit.

The house was alarmed, and Dr. Rowne used every exertion to restore her, but all to vain.

'She will die,' he said savagely, 'you have killed her!'

Which will did you destroy, doctor?' I asked.

He staggered into the corner of the room, unable to reply. He would never accuse me again, and yet I promised not to expose him; but it was in deference to the invalid sister of the deceased, that I allowed myself to be silent in the presence of infamy.

Before daylight there was another corpse in the house, and it was told for two months after that Mrs. Colebrook had been killed by the shock of her husband's death.

I buried them both two days after, and I had the pleasure of seeing the Colebrook fortune pass into the hands of the poor and deserving sister.

I have never seen nor heard from Dr. Rowne from that day to this. It is said he went to the East Indies; if he did, the devil is with him there.

HARPER and GODEY for July, received by
june 21 CHAS. HIGHT.

War Claims, Pensions

Arrears of Pay, $100 Bounty and all Claims for Military Service in the present War, secured by
DANIEL SANBORN,
Office, Corner of Franklin and Hancock Streets over C. L. Sweet's Store.

PENSIONS for Soldiers wounded, injured, or for disease contracted in the present war.
HALF PAY Pensions for the Widow, or Minor Children of those killed, or who have died in the service.
$100 BOUNTY for the Widows, Minor Children or Heirs of deceased Soldiers.
Information by mail or otherwise, given gratis to any who
Are in for service moderate, and suited to the times.
DANIEL SANBORN,
Pension Agent.
Pension Office corner Hancock and Franklin Sts
may15 d&wtf

New Room Papers.

A LARGE LOT of new and beautiful paper, just received by
July 9 D. HUBBER & CO.

$500 REWARD!

CITY OF BANGOR,
MAYOR'S OFFICE,
May 9th, 1866.

A REWARD OF FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS will be paid by the city of Bangor for the detection and full conviction of any person or persons who have or shall, during this present municipal year, set fire to any building in this city.
J. G. WAKEFIELD, Mayor.
may 10—tf

NOTICE

TO SELLERS OF INTOXICATING LIQUORS.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, That by an order of the Mayor and Aldermen, passed May 14, 1866, the City Marshal is directed to enforce the Act entitled an Act for the suppression of Drinking Houses and Tippling Shops, approved March 25th, 1858, and acts additional thereto. In obedience to said orders, the undersigned will proceed to take measures to enforce the provisions of said act in all cases of violation thereof in this city, from and after Monday next.
H. B. HANLAN,
may 16 City Marshal.

SALE OF PUBLIC LANDS.

LAND OFFICE, Bangor, June 1, 1866.

IN pursuance of law as defined in Chapter 5 Section 32, Revised Statutes, Public Notice is hereby given that the following Lots of Tracts and Parcels of Lands will be offered for sale on Saturday the first day of September next, at 12 o'clock, noon, at the Land Office in Bangor, at a price per acre not less than the minimum fixed in the advertised list.

The sale to be by Sealed Proposals in conformity with the provisions of the foregoing Chapter and with the provisions of the Penitentiary Fund, and ready selected for the Permanent School Fund, and not otherwise appropriated at the date of the passage of the Resolve authorizing the sale of "Timber and Lumber," for educational purposes, March 25, 1864; or the proposals may embrace a quantity equal to a township, to be selected in townships No. 1 R. 11, W. E. L. S.; No. 3; and 11, R 11; W. E. L. S.; R. 11, W. E. L. S.; and R. 12, W. E. L. S.

The sum deposited by any other bidder, who does not become a purchaser, may be withdrawn by him at any time after the bids are declared and made.

FRANKLIN COUNTY

	Min. price per acre
Part of Township No. 2, R. 8, W. B. K. P., at the minimum of $1,000 or 1 cent per acre, 100,000 acres.	01c.
North part of No. 3, R. 6, W. B. K. P., 10,560 acres.	50
Remainder South half 3, R. 4, do, 10,614 acres.	50

PISCATAQUIS COUNTY.

Sections No. 4, 5, 6, 12, 17, 23 & 24 in Township No. 2, R. 11, W. E. L. S., 1288 acres	40
ELLIOTTSVILLE—Lots No. 3, 4 and 5 K., 2, 2, 5, 6, 8, 8, R. 3, and more, 1250 acres.	25

AROOSTOOK COUNTY.

9, R. 6, W. F. L. S. Sections No. 4, 10, 14, 16, 3/4 of 5, and 3/4 of 11, 3241 acres	30
L. R. 2, being S. W. 1/4 and other parts remaining unsold, 842 acres,	30
C. R. 2, W. E. L. S., at the minimum price of thirty cents per acre for the Township; fifty cents for either quarter; and seventy-five cents for selected sections. Proposals deemed most favorable in the aggregate will be received. 22,030 acres,	30
E. R. 1, W. E. L. S. Sections No. 17, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 18, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 19, Lots 3 and 4, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 20, Lots 3 and 4, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 21, Lots 3 and 4, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 22, Lots 3 and 4, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 23, Lots 3 and 4, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 24, Lots 3 and 4, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 25, Lots 3 and 4, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 26, Lots 3 and 4, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 27, Lots 3 and 4, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 28, Lots 3 and 4, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 29, Lots 3 and 4, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 30, Lots 3 and 4, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 31, Lots 3 and 4, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 32, Lots 3 and 4, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 33, Lots 3 and 4, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 34, Lots 3 and 4, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 35, Lots 3 and 4, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 36, Lots 3 and 4, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 1, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 2, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 3, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 4, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 5, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 6, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 7, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 8, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 9, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 10, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 11, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 12, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 13, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 14, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 15, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 16, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 17, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 18, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 19, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 20, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 21, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
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Sections No. 31, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 32, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 33, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 34, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 35, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30
Sections No. 36, Lots 1 and 2, 123 acres,	30

Reserving the privilege of withdrawing Sect. 6.

SOMERSET COUNTY.

R. 17, W. E. L. S.	
S. W. 1/4, 5870 acres,	
S. 0. 1/4, remainder, 4825 acres,	

ISAAC R. CLARK,
Land Agent.
june 2

Sale of Timber and Lumber

FOR EDUCATIONAL PURPOSES.

LAND OFFICE, Bangor, May 5, 1866.

SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this office until Saturday, August 11, 1866, for the purchase of the Timber and Lumber upon any township of land belonging to the State, not already selected for the Permanent School Fund, and not otherwise appropriated at the date of the passage of the Resolve authorizing the sale of "Timber and Lumber," for educational purposes, March 25, 1864; or the proposals may embrace a quantity equal to a township, to be selected in townships No. 1 R. 11, W. E. L. S.; No. 3; and 11, R 11; W. E. L. S.; R. 11, W. E. L. S.; and R. 12, W. E. L. S.

No proposals will be accepted for a less sum than five thousand dollars, all to be determined on the day fixed for opening the proposals.

ISAAC R. CLARK,
Land Agent.
june 8—tf1s

Paints, Oils, Varnishes, AND TOOLS,

A COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF

House, Ship, Carriage,

AND SIGN PAINTERS

Articles generally, at wholesale and retail, and at

LOWER PRICES

Than any other place in the city, at
CHAS. G. WILSON & CO.'S,
NO. 117 EXCHANGE STREET.
apr30

Choice & Rare Perfumery!

GENUINE LUBINS and various other kinds of rare PERFUMES at the
BOTANIC DRUG STORE,
No. 1 Granite Block.
may 29

Fine and Coarse Sponges!

CALL AT THE BANGOR BOTANIC DRUG STORE for the choicest *SPONGES* of all kinds.
No. 1 Granite Block.
may 29

Select Herbs!

AT THE BANGOR BOTANIC DRUG STORE may always be found the finest HERBS to be had in New England. Call at the NEW STORE
No. 1 Granite Block.
may 29

Hair and Tooth Brushes!

THE best assortment of BRUSHES in the city, at the
BOTANIC DRUG STORE,
No. 1 Granite Block.
may 29

Caution.

ALL persons are cautioned against harboring RUTH HORN, a pauper in the town of Carmel, as I have made suitable provision for her support, and no bills of her contracting will be paid.
HENRY JOHNSON.
Carmel, June 21, 1866. 126—3tw*

FANS! FANS!

PALM-LEAF FANS,
WILLOW FANS,
PAPER FANS,
LINEN FANS,
SILK FANS,
for
HYDE'S,
june 27—d&wlw NO. 15 MAIN STREET.

LIME.

HALL'S LIME received fresh every week. For sale wholesale and retail by
JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON.
may 9

Cement.

New Fresh Newark Cement,

LANDING from Schr. Olive Avery, for sale by
JOHN S. KIMBALL & SON,
may 9 80 and 82 Exchange St.

THE LADY'S MILE, by Miss Braddon; Dr Kemp; Frank Nelson, or the Runaway Boy, Caldee, by Mrs. Oliphant; The Miniature; Fruit Garden; New Book of Flowers; Dr. Hamblin's Essay on the Cholera, &c. For sale by
may CHAS. HIGHT.

CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
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CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.
CONSTITUTION WATER.

THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR
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THE ONLY REMEDY KNOWN FOR

DIABETES,

STONE IN THE BLADDER, CALCULUS, GRAVEL, BRICK DUST DEPOSIT, AND MUCOUS OR MILKY DISCHARGES AFTER URINATING.

IRRITATION OF THE NECK OF THE BLADDER, INFLAMMATION OF THE KIDNEYS, CATARRH OF THE BLADDER.

STRANGUARY AND BURNING, OR PAINFUL URINATING.

For these diseases it is truly a sovereign remedy and too much cannot be said in its praise. A single dose has been known to relieve the most urgent symptoms.

Are you troubled with that distressing pain in the small of the back and through the hips. A teaspoonful a day of the Constitution Water will remove you like magic.

PHYSICIANS

Have long since given up the use of buchu, cubebs and juniper in the treatment of these diseases, and only use them for the want of a better remedy.

CONSTITUTION WATER

Has proved itself equal to the task that has devolved upon it.

DIURETICS

Irritate and drench the kidneys, and by constant use soon lead to chronic degeneration and confirmed disease.

We present the Constitution Water to the public with the conviction that it has no equal in relieving the class of diseases for which it has been found so eminently successful in curing; and we trust that we shall be rewarded for our efforts in placing so valuable a remedy in a form to meet the requirements of patient and physician.

SCHUYLKILL, PA., Jan 20, 1866.

DR. GREGG:

Dear Sir—I wish to inform you that I have been under the treatment of some of our best physicians for nearly two years, without receiving any benefit. I had lost all confidence, and I indulged in but little hope of a cure from any source. My disease was Dropsy, and my physicians told me that there was no cure for me. I was tapped some fifty times, and at the different operations about 1200 pounds of water was removed.

I am happy to inform you that I have been completely restored to health by the use of Constitution Water.

I make this statement hoping it may reach those persons who may be similarly afflicted.

Respectfully,
MRS. MARGILL C. LEVANWAY.

IN DYSMENORRHŒA, OR PAINFUL MENSTRUATION, AND MENORRHAGIA, OR PROFUSE FLOWING.

Both diseases arising from a faulty secretion of the menstrual fluid—in one case being too little and, accompanied by severe pain, and the other too profuse secretion, which will be speedily cured by the Constitution Water.

That disease known as FALLING OF THE WOMB, which is the result of a relaxation of the ligaments of that organ, and is known by a sense of heaviness and dragging pains in the back and sides, and at times accompanied by sharp, lancinating or shooting pains through the parts, will, in all cases, be removed by the medicine.

There is another class of symptoms arising from IRRITATION OF THE WOMB, which physicians call Nervousness, which word covers up much ignorance, and in nine cases out of ten the doctor does not really know whether the symptoms are the disease, or the disease the symptoms. We can only enumerate them here. I speak more particularly of Cold Feet, Palpitation of the Heart, Impaired Memory, Wakefulness, Flashes of Heat, Languor, Lassitude, and Dimness of Vision.

READ! READ!! READ!!!

DANVILLE, Pa., June 5, 1862.—*Dr. William H. Gregg—Dear Sir*:—In February, 1861, I was afflicted with sugar diabetes, and for five months I passed more than two gallons of water in twenty-four hours. I was obliged to get up as often as ten or twelve times during the night, and in five months I lost about fifty pounds in weight. During the month of July, 1861, I procured two bottles of Constitution Water, and in two days after using it I experienced relief, and after taking two bottles I was entirely cured soon after regaining my usual good health.

Yours truly, J. V. L. WITT.

BOSTON CORNERS, N. Y., Dec. 27, 1865.—*Wm. H Gregg & Co.—Gents*:—I freely give you liberty to make use of the following certificate to the value of the Constitution Water, which I can recommend in the highest manner:—My wife was attacked with pain in the shoulders, whole length of the back, and in her limbs, with *palpitation of the heart and irritation of the bladder*. I called a physician, who attended her about three months, when she left her worse than he found her. I then employed one of the best physicians I could find, who attended her for about nine months, and while she was under his care she did not suffer quite as much pain. He finally gave her up, and said "*her case was incurable. For*," said he, "*she has such a combination of complaints that medicine given for one operates against some other of her difficulties.*" About this time she commenced to use the Constitution Water, and to our utter astonishment, almost the first dose seemed to have the desired effect, and she kept on improving rapidly under its treatment, and now superintends entirely her domestic affairs. She has not taken any of the Constitution Water for about four weeks, and we are happy to say that it has produced a permanent cure.

WM. M. VAN BRUSCHOTEN.

WEATHERSFIELD, Conn., March 2, 1863.—*Dr. W. H. Gregg.—Dear, Sir*:—Having seen your advertisement of "Constitution Water," recommended for Inflammation of the Kidneys and Irritation of the Bladder, having suffered for the past three years, and tried the skill of a number of physicians with only temporary relief, I was induced to try your medicine. I procured one bottle of your agents at Hartford, Messrs. Loe, Sisson & Co., and when I had used half of it, to my surprise, I found a great change in my health. I have used two bottles of it and am where I never expected to be in my life, well, and in good spirits. I cannot express my gratitude for it; I feel that it is all and more than you recommended it to be. May the blessing of God ever attend you in your labors of love.

Yours truly, LEONARD S. BIGLOW.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS. PRICE $1.

CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS
CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS.
CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS.
CONSTITUTION CATHARTIC LIFE PILLS.

PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.
PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.
PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.
PRICE 25 CENTS PER BOX.

WM. H. GREGG & CO.,
Proprietors.
MORGAN & ALLEN, General Agents,
No. 46 Cliff St., New York.
GEO. C. GOODWIN & CO.,
april 24—3taw6w d&wlw Boston.

NICHOLS HOUSE.

The undersigned having leased, for a long term, and thoroughly renovated and refitted the Nichols House, in Bangor, has this day re-opened the same to the public accommodation.

This Hotel is centrally located, and in close proximity with the Boats and Cars.

The Proprietor has had a long experience in the "Parker House," of East Corinth, and the "Shaw House," of Newport, and flatters himself that to all patrons he will furnish an agreeable and comfortable home. Every effort and expense will be used to make this House as popular and attractive as any in this section of the State.

☞ Livery Stable connected with the House.

☞ Coaches in readiness for any business at all hours.

Stages leave this House daily for all parts of the country.

Lemuel Nichols.
Bangor, Feb. 23, 1866. (Times)

SNELL HOUSE.

The Subscriber has purchased the above House, and proposes to keep a

"First Class Hotel."

He has repainted the House, put down new carpets, made additions to the furniture, &c., &c. He has also secured the services of M. H. HUNTRESS, as Clerk. And by the attention he has had in the business, he flatters himself that he can suit the people of Aroostook—or any *other man*.

GEO. PARKS, Proprietor.
Houlton, July 3, 1865. 1y6

National House.

HARLOW ST., BANGOR, MAINE,

A. T. CHICK, - - Proprietor,

THIS House is situated in the most business part of the City, and is now open to the Traveling Community.

The Proprietor hopes by strict and personal attention to receive a liberal share of patronage.

The tables will be furnished with the best the Market affords, and every attention paid to the wants of his guests.

There is attached to this House a good STABLE, with attentive Ostler. Charges moderate.

A. T. CHICK.
Bangor, November 10, 1864.

Livery Notice.

L. NICHOLS & CO.,

Will carry on the large and enterprising LIVERY ESTABLISHMENT in Bangor, formerly owned by Caleb Billings, Esq., in all its departments.

Teams of all kinds and descriptions furnished at call.

☞ Coaches in readiness for any business at all hours.

LEMUEL NICHOLS.
DANA SARGENT.
DAVID VICKERY.
Bangor, May 22d, 1866.

Change in Livery Stock

Having disposed of my interest in the LIVERY STOCK in the Main Street Stable, formerly occupied by Caleb Billings, I would say that I have a

CHOICE LIVERY STOCK

At my old stand on the Hampden road just below the Bangor House, where I shall be happy to wait upon old and new customers.

All orders left at the Bangor House for Coaches, Hacks or Livery, will be promptly attended to.

O. M. SHAW.
feb Times

Cholera DISARMED!

The Chief Causes of Pestilence Destroyed!

DR. E. COURTARET'S DISINFECTING FLUIDS. Secured by Letters Patent in the United States and France. Prepared solely by the New York Disinfecting Company, at their Laboratory, Nos. 208, 210, and 302 Henry Street, N. Y. Office, 42 Cedar Street.

This Company organized on a permanent basis, with Dr. Courtaret, the celebrated French Chemist, in charge of its Laboratory, is prepared to furnish its Disinfecting Fluids for sick rooms, nurseries, urinals, water closets, privies, cesspools, sewers, gutters, ships, railroads, hospitals, prisons, and public institutions of all kinds, slaughter-houses, offal and fat-boiling establishments; all kinds of manures (*unrivalled*, increasing the value of the latter twenty-five per cent.), and wherever poisonous and offensive gases exist. These agents are deodorizers, antiseptics, antiputrescents, and disinfectants in the scientific meaning of the words. They remove noxious gases and odors by chemical principles—leaving in their place *healthful air*; they are DESTROYERS, and *not merely absorbents* of poisonous gases—not injurious to utensils in which they are used.

The attention of medical and scientific men is directed to these disinfectants. Attached are testimonials in favor of this great discovery, which, with hundreds of others can be seen at the Company's office.

DELAVAN HOUSE, ALBANY, March 20, 1865.

To the President of the New York Disinfecting Company:

Dear Sir: It is all it is represented to be. We have made many trials of disinfectants, but now consider that we have found an article which surpasses all others as a remedy against all bad odors.

T. ROESSEL & CO.

NEW YORK, April 9, 1866.

To the President of the New York Disinfecting Company:

Dear Sir: We pronounce it without exception to be the best we have ever known. Its effect upon every matter is complete and instantaneous.

C. A. STETSON, Astor House.

☞ N. B.—These Disinfectants are used by the scavengers, under the direction of the Sanitary Police of the Metropolitan Health Department, New York.

POWELL & THOMPSON,
42 Cedar St., N. Y.

General and Sole Agents for the United States and the Canadas, to whom all orders should be addressed. For sale by all Druggists and General Dealers in the United States and Canadas. may 21—3m

Patent Wooden and Metalic Burial Caskets.

HARD WOOD AND PINE COFFINS.

I HAVE several new and beautiful patterns of COFFINS and CASKETS, which will exhibit the plate on the lid, on the inside or out, without any extra expense, all trimmed in the best style, and sold at the lowest rates. Also, everything required in the above line, always on hand.

E. H. TEBBETTS.
No's 19 and 20 East Market Square.
Residence—No. 124 Centre Street may 9

Piano Fortes!

PURCHASERS OF PIANOS are invited to examine the *BEST ASSORTMENT* ever offered in this market, consisting of Instruments from the Factories of

STEINWAY & SONS,
CHICKERING & SONS,
HALLET, DAVIS & CO.,
PAUL, HUMPHREY & Co.
GEORGE M. GUILD, & Co.,
ALLEN & JEWETT,
ALFRED NEWHALL.

Ware Rooms 24 Main Street.

Charles Hale,

Agent for Bangor and Vicinity.
June 13 3taw—3m

FOUND.

WE have just found the place, in our own State to get our *STENCIL WORK* done.

H. W. FOLSOM, of West Waterville, cuts the best Stencil Name Plate you ever saw, in the Roman style letter, as plain and neat as the print in this paper, and will mark as plain. Any one can use them, as instructions go with each plate. Send him 75 cts., with your name, and he will forward you a Plate, with your name neatly cut in a plain or fancy style, as you may wish, with a brush, a bottle of warranted indelible Ink, directions, &c., all put up in a neat tin case sent by return mail, if possible, free of expense. He also cuts all kinds and sizes of Plates for marking Boxes, Barrels, Bags, Robes, &c. He has constantly on hand all sizes of Alphabets, Figures, Brushes, &c. Receives orders for Steel Stamps of all kinds. Embossing and Cancelling Presses, &c. All as cheap as can be afforded. Try him. Direct to

H. W. FOLSOM.
July 28 3taw Post Office, West Waterville, Maine.

ALFRED HAGARTY'S HOUSEHOLD;
Miss Oona McQuarrie.
Also, his Poems and other works.
may 15 For sale by P. E. DUREN.

NEW AND GOOD CUTLERY!
July 6 Received by P. E. DUREN.

PORTLAND and MACHIAS.

Inland Route---Two Trips Per Week.

The New, Substantial and swift-going Steamer

CITY OF RICHMOND,

87 Tons Measurement,

CHARLES DEERING, MASTER,

Will leave Franklin Wharf, Portland, every TUESDAY and FRIDAY Evenings, at 11 o'clock, or on arrival of Express Train from Boston, for Rockland, Deer Isle, Sedgwick, Mount Desert, Millbridge, Jonesport and Machias-Port, touching at Intermediate Ports.

RETURNING, will leave Machias-port every MONDAY & THURSDAY mornings at 6 o'clock.

Going East the Steamer will leave Rockland at 5.30 A. M.; Castine at 8.00; Deer Isle at 11.00; Sedgwick, at 9.30; Mount Desert at 11.00; Millbridge at 2.00 P. M.; Jonesport at 3.30.

Going West the Steamer will leave Jonesport at 6.30 A. M.; Millbridge at 8.00; Mount Desert at 11.00; Sedgwick at 1.00 P. M.; Deer Isle at 3.00; Isleboro' at 3.30; Castine at 6.00; Rockland at 6.00.

ROSS & STURDIVANT,
GENERAL AGENTS,
June 6, 73 Commercial St., Portland, Me.

International Steamship Co

EASTPORT, CALAIS & ST. JOHN.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

THREE TRIPS PER WEEK,
WITH REDUCED FARE.

On and after MONDAY, June 4th, Line will leave the Steamers of the International Steamship Co. Railroad Wharf, foot of State St., every MONDAY, WEDNESDAY, and FRIDAY, at 5 o'clock, P. M., for Eastport and St. John.

Returning, will leave St. John and Eastport same days for Portland and Boston.

At Eastport the Steamer Queen will connect for St. Andrews, Robbinston and Calais, with the New Brunswick and Canada Railway, for Woodstock and Houlton Stations; and Stage Coaches will connect for Machias.

Passengers take E. & N. A. Railway for Shediac, and from thence for Summerside and Charlottetown, P. E. Island, and Pictou, N. S. also at St. John the Steamer Empress for Windsor and Halifax, every Tuesday and Friday evening, and for Digby every Monday and Thursday mornings.

Freight received each day of sailing until 4 o'clock, P. M.

For information or through tickets, apply at 22 West Market Square, Bangor.

C. C. EATON, Agent.
May 29, 1866. 6dU WM. FLOWERS.

Fare Reduced to Boston.

SUMMER ARRANGEMENT.

UNTIL further notice the Steamers of the Portland Steam Packet Company will run as follows:

Leave Ball